System Operator Rolling Outage Plan

1. Background

- 1.1 This Plan is the **system operator rolling outage plan**, which the **system operator** is required to prepare and **publish** under clause 9.2 of the **Code**. This Plan replaces the **system operator rolling outage plan** issued by the Electricity Commission on 30 September 2010.
- 1.2 This Plan provides for the management and co-ordination of planned outages as an emergency measure during energy shortages.
- 1.3 Other policies and procedures detail how the system operator will provide security of supply related information and respond in other ways to emergencies and security of supply situations. These include the security of supply forecasting and information policy, the emergency management policy, the policy statement and the clauses of the Code relating to grid emergencies.

2. Glossary

2.1 In this Plan, unless the context otherwise requires-

capacity savings target means a savings target expressed as a maximum instantaneous demand (in MW) during a period

Code refers to the Electricity Industry Participation Code 2010

controlled hydro storage has the meaning given to that term in the security of supply forecasting and information policy

contingent hydro storage has the meaning given to that term in the security of supply forecasting and information policy

developing event has the meaning given to that term in paragraph 3.3

direction means a direction given by the **system operator** to a **specified participant** under clause 9.15(1) of the **Code**

energy savings target means a **savings target** expressed as a maximum level of **electricity** consumption (in MWh) over a period

extended emergency has the meaning given to that term in the **emergency management policy**

full information plan has the meaning given to that term in paragraph 6.17

immediate event has the meaning given to that term in paragraph 3.3

rolling outages means reductions in **demand** or **electricity** consumption implemented by **specified participants** in order to comply with **directions**

savings target means a **demand** or **electricity** consumption target contained within a direction **supply shortage** has the meaning given to that term in paragraph 3.1 of this Plan.

- 2.2 In Part 9 of the **Code** and this Plan a **grid owner** is a **distributor**.
- 2.3 References in this Plan to a **distributor's demand** or **electricity** consumption mean the **demand** or **electricity** consumption on the **distributor's network**.
- 2.4 Any term in bold that is defined in the **Code** and used but not defined in this Plan has the same meaning as in the **Code**.
- 3. Supply shortages and supply shortage declarations (clauses 9.4(a) and 9.4(b) of the Code)

Supply shortages

- 3.1 Clause 9.14(2) of the **Code** provides that the **system operator** may make a **supply shortage declaration** only if there is a shortage of **electricity** supply or transmission capacity such that the **system operator** considers-
 - (a) the normal operation of the spot market for **electricity** is, or will soon be, unlikely to facilitate the adjustment of supply and demand necessary to ensure that supply matches demand; and
 - (b) if planned outages are not implemented, unplanned outages are likely.

This situation is referred to in this Plan as a **supply shortage**.

- 3.2 A **supply shortage** is different from a **shortage situation**, which is a condition for scarcity pricing under Part 13 of the **Code**. A **supply shortage** may coincide with a **shortage situation**.
- 3.3 There is a range of events that could cause a supply shortage. Some events may develop over time (a developing event) and some events may arise with little or no warning (an immediate event). Examples of events that could contribute to a supply shortage are a period of low hydro inflows or an extended outage of a major transmission line or generating plant.

3.4 A supply shortage is a condition of an extended emergency. The emergency management policy sets out various means available to the system operator to manage extended emergencies, which include rolling outages.

Thresholds for supply shortage declarations

- 3.5 Under clause 9.14(1) of the **Code** the **system operator** has discretion to make a **supply** shortage declaration when there is a **supply shortage**. The **system operator** will-
 - (a) make a **supply shortage declaration** when it considers the probability of unplanned outages occurring as a result of a **supply shortage** is greater than 50%; and
 - (b) revoke the **supply shortage declaration** when it considers the probability of unplanned outages occurring as a result of the **supply shortage** is 50% or less.
- 3.6 The **system operator's** determination of the likelihood of unplanned outages will take into account the following factors-
 - (a) controlled hydro storage
 - (b) contingent hydro storage
 - (c) historical hydro inflows
 - (d) weather and climate forecasts relating to future hydro inflows
 - (e) expected generation availability
 - (f) expected demand
 - (g) thermal fuel availability
 - (h) transmission configuration and capacity.
- 3.7 If a supply shortage is caused by a power system event, it is likely any supply shortage declaration will be preceded by a grid emergency caused by a deficit of energy or instantaneous reserve. If the grid emergency is likely to persist for a sustained period, the system operator will make a supply shortage declaration if it considers the supply shortage would be more appropriately managed by rolling outages.

Notice period

3.8 During a developing event the system operator will endeavour to provide at least 14 days' notice to specified participants in the region affected by the supply shortage of a supply shortage declaration, including the time and date the supply shortage declaration is likely to be made. If it is not reasonably practicable to provide 14 days' notice, the system operator will provide as much prior notice as reasonably practicable.

3.9 During an immediate event the system operator will provide as much prior notice as reasonably practicable to specified participants in the region affected by the supply shortage of a supply shortage declaration, including the time and date the supply shortage declaration is likely to be made. However, it is likely a supply shortage declaration for an immediate event will need to be made without prior notice.

4. Directions (clause 9.4(c) of the Code)

Savings targets

- 4.1 A direction may contain a savings target for the specified participant to whom it is given.

 The system operator will set savings targets as follows-
 - (a) The **system operator** will determine the total **demand** or **electricity** consumption savings required in the region affected by the **supply shortage**.
 - (b) The system operator will determine any energy savings target for a specified participant in the affected region as a percentage of the specified participant's electricity consumption for the equivalent period in the previous year. The system operator will generally set the same energy savings target in percentage terms for all distributors in the affected region.
 - (c) A savings target will typically be an energy savings target per week. In some cases (for example, an immediate event limited to a particular area) a savings target in the form of a capacity savings target may be applied for particular peak periods in addition to, or instead of, a savings target in the form of an energy savings target..
- 4.2 The **system operator** will amend the **savings targets** for all or some **specified participants** if it considers there are circumstances that justify it, for example-
 - (a) a **grid** reconfiguration
 - (b) to manage power system stability
 - (c) to minimise the use of hydro storage (by increasing thermal generation elsewhere).

Notice period

- 4.3 During a developing event the system operator will endeavour to provide at least nine days' notice to relevant specified participants of a direction containing a savings target, including the times and dates the savings target will likely apply. If it is not reasonably practicable to provide nine days' notice, the system operator will provide as much prior notice as reasonably practicable.
- 4.4 During an **immediate event** the **system operator** will provide as much prior notice as reasonably practicable to relevant **specified participants** of a **direction** containing a **savings**

target, including the times and dates the **savings target** will likely apply. However, it is likely a **direction** for an **immediate event** will need to be given without prior notice.

Monitoring

- 4.5 The **system operator** will use information provided by **specified participants** and information otherwise available to the **system operator** to continuously monitor **specified participants**' performance against **savings targets**.
- 4.6 The system operator will provide, on a daily basis, each distributor (other than grid owners) or direct consumer to whom a direction containing a savings target applies with actual electricity consumption data for the grid exit points at which the distributor's or direct consumer's assets are connected to the grid. The data will be the distributor's or direct consumer's electricity consumption (in MWh) during the previous 24 hours (beginning at midnight) for each grid exit point at which the distributor's or direct consumer's assets are connected to the grid.
- 5. Specified participants required to develop participant rolling outage plans (clause 9.4(d) of the Code)
- 5.1 Each distributor (other than grid owners) and direct consumer must develop a participant rolling outage plan unless the distributor's or direct consumer's electricity consumption is less than 60 GWh per calendar year.
- 6. Criteria, methodologies and principles (clauses 9.4(e) and 9.4(f) of the Code)
- 6.1 This paragraph 6 sets out the criteria, methodologies and principles to be-
 - (a) applied by specified participants (whether or not they have developed a participant rolling outage plan) in implementing rolling outages, or taking any other action, in accordance with directions
 - (b) provided for in **participant rolling outage plans** for those **specified participants** which are required to develop them.

Coordination with system operator

- 6.2 **Specified participants** must coordinate the implementation of their **rolling outages** with the **system operator** in order to ensure that **rolling outages** across an affected region do not have unexpected power system outcomes.
- 6.3 Each participant rolling outage plan must describe the specified participant's arrangements for disconnecting and restoring demand. After receiving a direction a specified participant must use best endeavours to-

- (a) not increase or decrease its **demand** by more than 25 MW in any five minute period without the **system operator's** prior approval
- (b) minimise the impact on frequency and voltage stability
- (c) minimise the disconnection and restoration of its demand during times when demand is typically ramping up or down in the region affected by the supply shortage (for example, either side of morning and evening peaks).
- 6.4 Each participant rolling outage plan must-
 - (a) list the **specified participant's GXPs** at which **rolling outages** may occur
 - (b) list the **specified participant's GXPs** at which **rolling outages** will not occur along with reasons why **rolling outages** will not occur at those **GXPs**.

Communications

- 6.5 Each participant rolling outage plan must identify at minimum two key personnel for the system operator to contact about matters relating to supply shortages, supply shortage declarations, directions and rolling outages, being-
 - (a) an operational contact for all operational matters (typically an operations manager)
 - (b) a managerial contact for all administrative matters and escalation (typically a senior manager or regulatory specialist).

The **system operator** notices under paragraphs 3.8, 3.9, 4.3 and 4.4 will be sent to the operational contact and managerial contact. **Directions** will typically be sent to the operational contact only.

- 6.6 Each **participant rolling outage plan** must contain contact details for the key personnel referred to in paragraph 6.5 and note any preferred means of communication with them.
- 6.7 As well as complying with any system operator information requirements under clause 9.18 of the Code, each specified participant to whom a direction containing a savings target applies must regularly provide information to the system operator about the specified participant's performance against the savings target, including the nature and extent of the rolling outages implemented by the specified participant.

Prioritisation of demand to be disconnected by distributors

6.8 A **distributor** should disconnect **demand** on its **network** for **rolling outages** in accordance with the following priorities. Priority 1 is the **demand** that should least readily be disconnected and priority 6 is the **demand** that should most readily be disconnected.

Priority	Priority Concern	Maintain Supply to:
1	Public health and safety	Critical health and disability services e.g. major hospitals, air traffic control centres, emergency operation centres.
2	Maintaining important public services	Lifelines infrastructure e.g. energy control centres, communication networks, water and sewage pumping, fuel delivery systems, major ports, public passenger transport, major supermarkets.
3	Public health and safety	Vulnerable sectors e.g. rest homes, prisons, medical centres, schools, street lighting.
4	Animal health and food production/storage	Dairy farms, milk production facilities, chicken sheds, cool stores.
5	Maintaining production	Central business districts, commercial and industrial premises.
6	Avoiding disruption to households	Residential premises.

^{*}Reference: priorities in this table are based on information contained in section 13 of the National Civil Defence Emergency Management Plan 2015.

These priorities are intended as a guide. They do not prevent **distributors** making pragmatic decisions based on particular circumstances and their knowledge of local communities.

- 6.9 Distributors are responsible for communicating and co-ordinating with retailers and major consumers on their networks who may be affected by rolling outages and for managing the impact of rolling outages on any consumers identified as having health and safety issues. Each distributor's participant rolling outage plan must describe the arrangements in place between the distributor and retailers for identifying and managing health and safety issues affecting consumers on the distributor's network.
- 6.10 A distributor's participant rolling outage plan must include-
 - (a) information about any agreements between the **distributor** and **retailers** or **consumers** on its **network** that may adversely affect the **distributor**'s ability to comply with **directions**
 - (b) whether any of the **demand** on the **participant's** network is for the provision of other services, such as **interruptible load** or **extended reserves** (including **AUFLS**).
- 6.11 The system operator will not determine which consumers' demand on a distributor's network is disconnected for rolling outages.
 - Capability of achieving savings targets
- 6.12 In order for **specified participants** to demonstrate they are capable of meeting **directions** each **participant rolling outage plan** must-

- (a) describe how the **specified participant** intends to meet **energy savings targets** and **capacity savings targets**
- (b) demonstrate the specified participant will be capable of achieving an energy savings target of up to a 25% reduction of its electricity consumption for the same period in the previous year.

For the avoidance of doubt, an **energy savings target** may be more than a 25% reduction of the **specified participant's electricity** consumption for the same period in the previous year.

- 6.13 Each participant rolling outage plan must describe the specified participant's methodology for implementing rolling outages that includes-
 - (a) acknowledgment of receipt of a direction
 - (b) for **developing events**, planning for disconnection of **demand** (nine days out to real time)
 - (c) disconnection of **demand** (real time)
 - (d) restoration of **demand** (real time)
 - (e) monitoring of compliance with the direction.
- 6.14 A **distributor** is not required to include a list of all feeders, or the sequence of outages to be applied to those feeders, in its **participant rolling outage plan**.
- 6.15 In addition to the key personnel described in paragraph 6.5 of this Plan, each **participant** rolling outage plan must specify all personnel of the **specified participant** who will be involved in implementing the **participant rolling outage plan** and their roles, including-
 - (a) the personnel responsible for reporting to the **system operator** on the **specified participant's** performance against **savings targets**
 - (b) the personnel responsible for communicating with public agencies (for example, police, civil defence and local authorities) and the media (if required).

Continuing compliance with other Code obligations

- 6.16 A **specified participant** to which a **direction** applies must continue to comply with all of its other obligations under the **Code**. Without limitation:
 - (a) the **specified participant** must make and revise its **bids** and **reserve offers** to take into account its obligation to comply with the **direction**

- (b) if there is a **grid emergency**, the **specified participant** must comply with its obligations under the **Code** that apply in **grid emergencies**
- (c) despite the **direction**, the **specified participant** must remain capable of providing any **automatic under-frequency load shedding** or **extended reserve** it is obliged to provide under the **Code**.

Full information plans for direct consumers

- 6.17 A **full information plan** is a **direct consumer's participant rolling outage plan** that contains the following information-
 - (a) the nature of the direct consumer's demand
 - (b) whether any of the demand is for the provision of other services, such as interruptible load or extended reserve (including AUFLS)
 - (c) constraints on the disconnection of the **demand** (for example, notice periods and maximum durations)
 - (d) the extent to which different levels of target savings could be achieved (for example, whether a 10% energy savings target is significantly more easily achieved than a 20% energy savings target)
 - (e) the costs associated with achieving different levels of target savings.
- 6.18 A **direct consumer** may, at any time, update its **participant rolling outage plan** with information that meets the requirements of a **full information plan**.
- 6.19 If a direct consumer's participant rolling outage plan is a full information plan, the system operator may set energy savings targets for the direct consumer different in percentage terms to the energy savings targets for distributors in the region affected by the supply shortage, taking into account the information in the full information plan. Otherwise, the energy savings targets for the direct consumer will likely be the same in percentage terms as the energy savings targets for distributors in the affected region.