ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY PARTICIPATION CODE METERING EQUIPMENT PROVIDER AUDIT REPORT

VERITEK

For

SMARTCO LIMITED (NZBN: 9429031538077)

Prepared by: Steve Woods – Veritek Ltd

Date audit commenced: 8 April 2024

Date audit report completed: 24 June 2024

Audit report due date: 30-Jun-24

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SmartCo is a Metering Equipment Provider (MEP) and is required to undergo an audit by 30 June 2023, in accordance with clause 16A.17(b).

SmartCo is an MEP that is owned by a consortium of electricity network companies. SmartCo provides AMI data to retailers in member networks using mesh communications technology. The individual network companies that make up the consortium are the owners of the meters in their networks. Bluecurrent has been appointed by SmartCo to provide metering, data collection and asset management services on SmartCo member networks. SmartCo is the MEP on the registry (SMCO).

The audit identified 11 non-compliances, a decrease of two from the 13 found in the last audit.

Most processes are well controlled and compliant. The main issues identified are as follows:

- one incorrect compensation factor in the registry, resulting in the trader using a compensation factor of 1 instead of 100,
- time not monitored and corrected every 12 months for ICPs with time dependent registers,
- test results not all recorded in certification reports.
- one metering installation certified with low burden, and
- incorrect event dates are used in some cases because losing MEPs are populating a meter removal
 date on the meter replacement date, meaning SmartCo cannot populate the registry for the
 correct date.

Two issues were identified which are not non-compliances for SmartCo due to the way the Code is worded, but which still require attention and are recorded as issues or recommendations. The issues are:

- there are many examples where ATHs attend site to conduct certification and when there is
 insufficient load to complete tests, rather than conduct "insufficient load" certification, the ATH
 leaves the site uncertified and returns at a later date, and
- three ICPs do not have certification or registry records for builder's temporary supplies, despite SmartCo meter being installed on them.

The date of the next audit is determined by the Electricity Authority and is dependent on the level of compliance during this audit. The table below provides some guidance on this matter, and it recommends an audit frequency of six months. After reviewing SmartCo's responses to the areas of non-compliance I recommend an audit frequency of 12 months.

AUDIT SUMMARY

NON-COMPLIANCES

Subject	Section	Clause	Non-Compliance	Controls	Audit Risk Rating	Breach Risk Rating	Remedial Action
Provision of accurate information	2.5	11.2 and Clause 10.6	Registry not always accurate and not always updated as soon as practicable by SmartCo. Certification records not always accurate.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Registry notification timeframe	3.2	2 of schedule 11.4	Some registry updates were later than 15 business days.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Changes to registry records	4.10	3 of schedule 11.4	Some records updated on the registry later than ten business days.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Accurate and Complete Records	5.1	4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6	Certification records were not accurate and complete for all 18 category 1 certification reports.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Provision of registry information	6.2	7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4	Some registry records were incomplete or incorrect.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Cancellation of certification	6.4	20 of Schedule 10.7	Certification cancelled, and registry not updated within ten business days for: ICP 0004182836TP0B7 with low burden, and three ICPs where sumcheck failures were not resolved within three business days.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Expired certification	7.1	10.38 (a)	Certification expired or cancelled for 43 ICPs.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Certification Tests	7.2	10.38(b)	Test results are not all recorded for all 18 category 1 certification reports. Prevailing load test not conducted for ICP 0000328389MPE2D.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Timekeeping	7.10	23 of Schedule 10.7	14 ICPs of a sample of 20 with time dependent meter registers are not monitored every 12 months.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified

Compensation Factors	7.14	24(3) of Schedule 10.7	Incorrect compensation factor of 1 in the registry for ICP 0001418017TP1AF.	Moderate	Medium	4	Cleared
Time errors	10.7	8(4) of Schedule 10.6	2,322 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds in the 4 April 2024 reports. Not all the time errors for category 2 meters were reported to reconciliation participants.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Future Risk Rating							20
			Indica	ative Audit F	requency	6	months

Future risk rating	1-2	3-6	7-9	10-19	20-24	25+
Indicative audit frequency	36 months	24 months	18 months	12 months	6 months	3 months

RECOMMENDATIONS

Subject	Section	Recommendation	Remedial Action
Meter removal dates	2.5	Request losing MEPs not to populate the meter removal dates; this leads to non-compliance by SMCO because they cannot install their metering for the correct date.	Investigating
Design reports	4.1	Work with Delta to ensure that the design reports used for SmartCo include all required information in a single document.	Identified
BTS to permanent certification	5.1	Investigate the BTS to permanent process to determine why certification records are not available for three ICPs.	Identified
Certification tests	7.2	Require the Delta and Bluecurrent ATHs to include details and results of all testing completed in the metering installation certification reports provided.	Identified
Timekeeping Requirements	7.10	Develop a process to identify meters which become subject to the timekeeping requirements of clause 23 of schedule 10.7 and ensure the time is monitored and corrected as required.	Identified

ISSUES

Subject	Section	Issue	Remedial Action
Clause 14 of Schedule 10.7	7.7	There are many examples where ATHs attend site to conduct certification and when there is insufficient load to complete tests, rather than conduct "insufficient load" certification, the ATH leaves the site uncertified and returns at a later date. This raises two issues: • there is no way of knowing whether the installation is recording correctly, and • traders are non-compliant for late certification.	Authority to change the Code to require insufficient load certification to be conducted by ATHs if they are in attendance to conduct certification.

1. ADMINISTRATIVE

1.1. Exemptions from Obligations to Comply with Code (Section 11)

Code reference

Section 11 of Electricity Industry Act 2010.

Code related audit information

Section 11 of the Electricity Industry Act provides for the Electricity Authority to exempt any participant from compliance with all or any of the clauses.

Audit observation

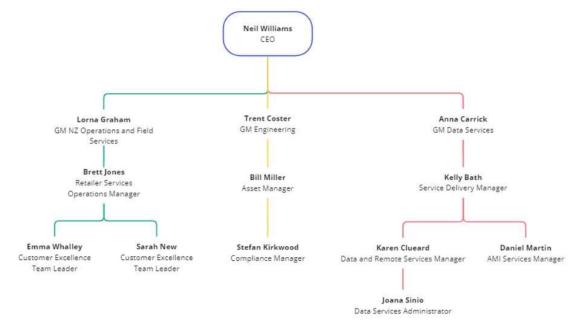
I checked the Electricity Authority website and I confirm there are no exemptions in place.

Audit commentary

I checked the Electricity Authority website and I confirm there are no exemptions in place.

1.2. Structure of Organisation

All SmartCo functions are performed by Bluecurrent Assets NZ Limited (Bluecurrent); therefore, I have included the Bluecurrent organisation chart below.



1.3. Persons involved in this audit

Auditor: Steve Woods

Veritek Limited

Electricity Authority Approved Auditor

SmartCo personnel assisting in this audit were:

Name	Title
Stefan Kirkwood	Compliance Manager
John Gu	Snr Customer Excellence Rep
Sarah New	Customer Excellence Team Leader
Joanna Sinio	Data Services administrator

1.4. Use of Agents (Clause 10.3)

Code reference

Clause 10.3

Code related audit information

A participant who uses a contractor

- remains responsible for the contractor's fulfillment of the participants Code obligations,
- cannot assert that it is not responsible or liable for the obligation due to the action of a contractor,
- must ensure that the contractor has at least the specified level of skill, expertise, experience, or qualification that the participant would be required to have if it were performing the obligation itself.

Audit observation

SmartCo engages ATHs to conduct certification activities. ATHs are also engaged as agents to store records in accordance with clauses 4(1)(v) & (viii) of schedule 10.6. I checked that records were available from the relevant ATHs.

The ATHs engaged are as follows:

- Wells,
- Delta, and
- Bluecurrent.

Audit commentary

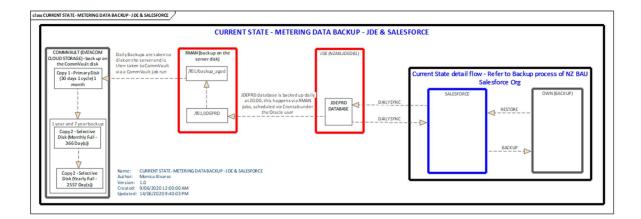
The agreements between SmartCo and the ATHs clearly specify that the ATHs are acting as an agent for these activities, and they are required to produce records within five business days. The provision and accuracy of records is discussed further in **section 6**.

1.5. Hardware and Software

SmartCo MEP data is held in JDE and Salesforce.

JDE is the Bluecurrent master repository, the database is backed up daily to the server then to CommVault. The CommVault archive has been kept for seven years.

ServiceMax BAUT (Salesforce) is a cloud-based application used by Bluecurrent for work order workflows. A full synchronisation occurs daily between Salesforce and JDE. SmartCo provided the following diagram detailing the back-up arrangements.



1.6. Breaches or Breach Allegations

SmartCo confirmed there are no breach allegations related to the scope of this audit.

1.7. ICP Data

Metering Category	Number of ICPs
1	162,528
2	1,954
3	0
4	0
5	0
9	0

1.8. Authorisation Received

A letter of authorisation was not required or requested.

1.9. Scope of Audit

This audit was conducted in accordance with the Guideline for Metering Equipment Provider Audits V2.2, which was published by the Electricity Authority.

SmartCo is an MEP that is owned by a consortium of electricity network companies. SmartCo provides AMI data to retailers in member networks using mesh communications technology. The individual network companies that make up the consortium are the owners of the meters in their networks. Bluecurrent has been appointed by SmartCo to provide metering, data collection and asset management services on SmartCo member networks. SmartCo is the MEP on the registry (SMCO).

The table below shows the relevant networks and metering equipment ownership for legacy and AMI equipment.

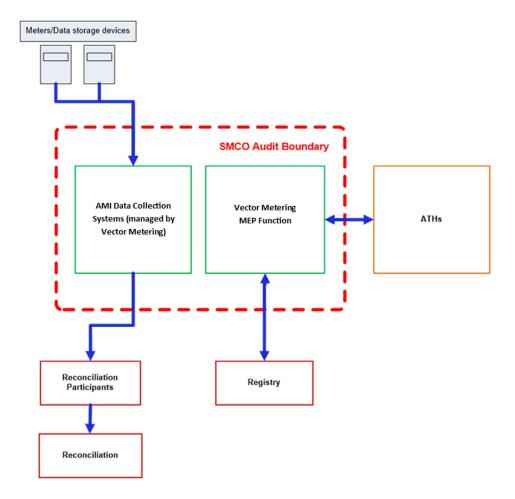
Metering Equipment Owner Codes							
Network	MEO code (AMI Meters)	MEO Code (Relays, legacy meters)	Meter Type				
Alpine Network	ALPS	ALPE	L+G				
Electricity Invercargill Network	ELIS	ELIN	EDMI				
The Power Company Network (including Smart Net embedded network)	TPCS	ТРСО	EDMI				
OtagoNet Joint Venture	TPCS	TPCO	EDMI				
Lakeland Network Limited	TPCS	TPCO	EDMI				
MainPower	MPOS	MPOW	EDMI				
Network Tasman	TASS	*	L+G				
Nelson Electricity	TASS	*	L+G				
Top Energy	TOPS	WASN (LCD)	L+G				
Mountain Power	ALPS	ALPE	L+G				
Kinetic Networks	TPCS	TPCO	EDMI				

^{*}Tasman Network and Nelson Electricity will not have external load control devices left on site.

The table below shows a breakdown of ICPs per network as of April 2024.

Network	Quantity 2024	Quantity 2023	Quantity 2022	Quantity 2021	Quantity 2020	Quantity 2019	Quantity 2018
Top Energy	21,294	21,024	20,564	20,119	19,594	18,842	16,863
Alpine	28,013	27,878	27,661	27,215	26,839	24,888	18,994
Electricity Invercargill	15,581	15,543	15,773	15,353	14,550	11,697	8,650
Mainpower	31,348	30,085	30,001	28,530	27,603	26,605	24,690
Network Tasman	32,105	32,235	32,026	31,102	29,193	26,897	25,836
The Power Company	34,621	34,481	33,979	32,591	30,682	25,868	18,184
Mountain Power	241	221	187	162	133	107	77
OtagoNet Joint Venture	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Smart Net Limited	12	12	12	11	11	-	-
Nelson Electricity	53	53	42	-	-	-	-
Lakeland Network Limited	1,212	845	447	-	-	-	-
Kinetic Networks	1						
Total	164,482	163,143	160,692	155,084	139,663	134,904	113,294

SmartCo collects AMI data as an MEP. The boundaries of this audit are shown below for greater clarity.



1.10. Summary of previous audit

The previous audit was conducted in June 2023 by Brett Piskulic of Provera. The table below shows the current status of the non-compliances raised.

Table of Non-Compliance

Subject	Secti on	Clause	Non-compliance	Status
Provision of accurate information	2.5	11.2 and Clause 10.6	Registry not always accurate and not always updated as soon as practicable by SmartCo. Certification records not always accurate.	Still existing
Registry notification timeframe	3.2	2 of schedule 11.4	Some registry updates were later than 15 business days.	Still existing
Changes to registry records	4.10	3 of schedule 11.4	Some records updated on the registry later than ten business days.	Still existing
Accurate and Complete Records	5.1	4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6	Certification records were not accurate and complete for 24 of a sample of 39 certification reports.	Still existing
MEP response to switch notification	6.1	Clause 1 (1) of Schedule 11.4	MN file not sent within ten days for 116 ICPs.	Cleared
Provision of registry information	6.2	7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4	Some registry records were incomplete or incorrect.	Still existing
Correction of registry errors	6.3	6 of schedule 11.4	All registry validation process unable to be demonstrated.	Cleared
Cancellation of certification	6.4	20 of Schedule 10.7	Certification cancelled, and registry not updated within ten business days for: 1,550 category 1 ICPs with minimum number of sample inspections not conducted, and 1 ICPs where sum-check failures were not resolved within three business days.	Still existing
Expired certification	7.1	10.38 (a)	Certification expired or cancelled for more than 2,169 ICPs.	Still existing
Certification Tests	7.2	10.38(b)	Prevailing load tests not conducted for eight category 1 metering installations.	Still existing
Timekeeping	7.10	23 of Schedule 10.7	185 ICPs with time dependent meter registers are not monitored every 12 months.	Still existing

Subject	Secti on	Clause	Non-compliance	Status
Meter bridging	9.5	10.33C	Meter not reinstated after bridging within five business days of bridging for one category 1 ICP.	Cleared
Time errors	10.7	8(4) of Schedule 10.6	360 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds in the 17 April 2023 reports. Some time errors for category 2 meters not reported to reconciliation participants.	Still existing

Table of Recommendations

Subject	Section	Clause	Recommendation for improvement	Status
Design reports	4.1	2 of Schedule 10.7	Work with Delta to ensure that the design reports used for SmartCo include all required information in a single document.	Still existing
Certification tests	7.2	10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6	Require the Bluecurrent ATH to include details and results of all testing completed in the metering installation certification reports provided.	Still existing
Timekeeping Requirements	7.10	23 of Schedule 10.7	Develop a process to identify meters which become subject to the timekeeping requirements of Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7 and ensure the time is monitored and corrected as required.	Still existing

2. OPERATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE

2.1. MEP responsibility for services access interface (Clause 10.9(2))

Code reference

Clause 10.9(2)

Code related audit information

The MEP is responsible for providing and maintaining the services access interface.

Audit observation

I checked certification records for 39 metering installations, covering all relevant ATHs.

Audit commentary

The Code places responsibility for maintaining the services access interface on the MEP and places responsibility for determining and recording it with ATHs. The code was changed from 1st February 2021 to require the ATH to record each services access interface and the conditions under which each services access interface may be used.

I checked 39 certification records and found that each services access interface was recorded correctly by the ATHs for all 39 of the certifications.

Audit outcome

Compliant

2.2. Dispute Resolution (Clause 10.50(1) to (3))

Code reference

Clause 10.50(1) to (3)

Code related audit information

Participants must in good faith use its best endeavours to resolve any disputes related to Part 10 of the Code.

Disputes that are unable to be resolved may be referred to the Authority for determination.

Complaints that are not resolved by the parties or the Authority may be referred to the Rulings Panel by the Authority or participant.

Audit observation

I checked whether any disputes had been dealt with during the audit period.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has not been required to resolve any disputes in accordance with this clause.

Audit outcome

2.3. MEP Identifier (Clause 7(1) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 7(1) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure it has a unique participant identifier and must use this participant identifier (if required) to correctly identify its information.

Audit observation

I checked the registry data to ensure the correct MEP identifier was used.

Audit commentary

SmartCo uses the SMCO identifiers for all MEP functions.

Audit outcome

Compliant

2.4. Communication Equipment Compatibility (Clause 40 Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 40 Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that the use of its communication equipment complies with the compatibility and connection requirements of any communication network operator the MEP has equipment connected to.

Audit observation

Relevant documentation was checked to ensure the compatibility of communication equipment.

Audit commentary

SmartCo ensures all communication equipment is appropriately certified with the relevant telecommunications standards. This is recorded in type test certificates and other approval documents.

Audit outcome

Compliant

2.5. Participants to Provide Accurate Information (Clause 11.2 and Clause 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 11.2 and Clause 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must take all practicable steps to ensure that information that the MEP is required to provide to any person under Parts 10 and 11 is complete and accurate, not misleading or deceptive and not likely to mislead or deceive.

If the MEP becomes aware that in providing information under Parts 10 and 11, the MEP has not complied with that obligation, the MEP must, as soon as practicable, provide such further information as is necessary to ensure that the MEP does comply.

Audit observation

The content of this audit report was reviewed to determine whether all practicable steps had been taken to provide accurate information.

Audit commentary

As recorded in **section 5** and **6** there are some records which are not complete and accurate. SmartCo is attempting to correct information as soon as practicable, bearing in mind that there is often liaison with other parties and/or fieldwork involved. There are some metering installations with cancelled certification and the registry was not updated as soon as practicable.

As recorded in **section 3.2**, there were eight late registry updates where SMCO became the MEP for existing metering installations, due to the losing MEP recording a meter removal date for the date of the meter change. This prevented SMCO from entering their details for that date and SMCO therefore had to record an incorrect event date of one day late. I recommend SMCO requests losing MEPs not to populate the meter removal dates for components.

Description	Recommendation	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Meter removal dates	Request losing MEPs not to populate the meter removal dates; this leads to noncompliance by SMCO because they cannot install their metering for the correct date.	Smartco will consider this recommendation. A more appropriate solution may be for the EA to make a Registry update as a market system should not be designed to prevent a compliant action from occurring.	Investigating

In the last audit non-compliance was recorded as replacement AMI data was not able to be provided to participants after more than 60 days. SmartCo confirmed that replacement data is now automatically provided up to 70 days and can be provided manually for periods longer than 70 days.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description			
Audit Ref: 2.5 With: Clause 11.2 and Clause 10.6	Registry not always accurate and not always updated as soon as practicable by SmartCo. Certification records not always accurate. Potential impact: Medium Actual impact: Low			
From: 01-May-23 To: 08-Apr-24	Audit history: Multiple times Controls: Moderate Breach risk rating: 2			
Audit risk rating	Rationale fo	r audit risk rating	S	
Low	Controls are recorded as moderate because there is room to improve processes. The impact on other participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.			
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status	

All identified accuracy issues are in the process of being corrected. Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved.	30/09/2024	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date	
Smartco will continue to review processes to ensure data is complete and accurate and implement a process to monitor and resolve issues are identified and amended in a timely fashion.	Ongoing	

3. PROCESS FOR A CHANGE OF MEP

3.1. Change of metering equipment provider (Clause 10.22)

Code reference

Clause 10.22

Code related audit information

The MEP for a metering installation may change only if the responsible participant enters into an arrangement with another person to become the MEP for the metering installation, and if certain requirements are met in relation to updating the registry and advising the reconciliation manager.

The losing MEP must notify the gaining MEP of the proportion of the costs within 40 business days of the gaining MEP assuming responsibility. The gaining MEP must pay the losing MEP within 20 business days of receiving notification from the losing MEP.

The costs are those directly and solely attributable to the certification and calibration tests of the metering installation or its components from the date of switch until the end of the current certification period.

The gaining MEP is not required to pay costs if:

- the losing MEP has agreed in writing that the gaining MEP is not required to pay costs, or the losing MEP has failed to provide notice within 40 business days,
- within three business days, the gaining MEP replaces, removes or recertifies the metering component or metering installation,
- the losing MEP has failed to provide notice of the costs to the gaining MEP within 40 business days.

Audit observation

I checked if SmartCo had sent or received any invoices.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has not sent or received any invoices. The table below shows that there is only one scenario where costs will be payable, and this is unlikely to occur.

Scenario	Likelihood of occurring	Costs payable
Gaining MEP replaces losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP removes losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP recertifies losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP replaces losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP removes losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP recertifies losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP retains losing MEPs components and metering installation	Zero	Yes

Audit outcome

3.2. Registry Notification of Metering Records (Clause 2 of Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 2 of Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

The gaining MEP must advise the registry of the registry metering records for the metering installation within 15 days of becoming the MEP for the metering installation.

Audit observation

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 May 2023 to 8 April 2024 for all records where SmartCo became the MEP to evaluate the timeliness of updates.

Audit commentary

I examined the audit compliance report for 346 switches in relation to this clause and the findings are shown in the table below. 147 late updates occurred where the trader had nominated the MEP within five business days.

SmartCo provided details of the reasons for the late updates for a sample of 15 of the 147 late updates where the trader had nominated within five business days. The reasons are as follows:

- eight late updates because the losing MEP entered a meter removal date on the date of the meter change, preventing the SMCO from entering their information for that date; the event date was therefore incorrect for these eight ICPs, and
- seven late updates due to a system issue with the process to transition ICPs to SmartCo, which is run as a fortnightly batch.

Year	ICPs Switched	Notified to registry within 15 days	Percentage compliant
2020	18,408	9,841	53%
2021	6,673	3,082	46%
2022	2,626	1,456	55%
2023	1,539	776	50.1%
2024	1,117	771	69.02%

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description					
Audit Ref: 3.2	Some registry updates were later than 1	Some registry updates were later than 15 business days.				
With: Clause 2 of	Potential impact: Medium					
Schedule 11.4	Actual impact: Low					
	Audit history: Multiple times					
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Moderate					
To: 08-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 2					
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating				
Low	Controls are recorded as moderate beca by ensuring more regular updates.	use there is room	to improve the timeliness			
	The impact on other participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.					
Actions taken to resolve the issue Comple date			Remedial action status			
Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be NA Identified			Identified			

Actions taken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status
Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved	NA	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date	
Smartco will review its processes to determine what improvements can be made and communicate with other participants to remind them of their responsibilities.	Ongoing	

3.3. Provision of Metering Records to Gaining MEP (Clause 5 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 5 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

During an MEP switch, a gaining MEP may request access to the losing MEP's metering records.

On receipt of a request from the gaining MEP, the losing MEP has 10 business days to provide the gaining MEP with the metering records or the facilities to enable the gaining MEP to access the metering records.

The losing MEP must ensure that the metering records are only received by the gaining MEP or its contractor, the security of the metering records is maintained, and only the specific metering records required for the purposes of the gaining MEP exercising its rights and performing its obligations are provided.

Audit observation

I checked with SmartCo to confirm whether there had been any requests from other MEPs.

Audit commentary

This has not occurred, and no examples are available to examine.

Audit outcome

3.4. Termination of MEP Responsibility (Clause 10.23)

Code reference

Clause 10.23

Code related audit information

Even if the MEP ceases to be responsible for an installation, the MEP must either comply with its continuing obligations; or before its continuing obligations terminate, enter into an arrangement with a participant to assume those obligations.

The MEP is responsible if it:

- is identified in the registry as the primary metering contact, or
- is the participant who owns the meter for the POC or to the grid, or
- has accepted responsibility under clause 1(1)(a)(ii) of schedule 11.4, or
- has contracted with a participant responsible for providing the metering installation.

MEPs obligations come into effect on the date recorded in the registry as being the date on which the metering installation equipment is installed or, for an NSP the effective date set out in the NSP table on the Authority's website.

An MEP's obligations terminate only when;

- the ICP changes under clause 10.22(1)(a),
- the NSP changes under clause 10.22(1)(b), in which case the MEPs obligations terminate from the date on which the gaining MEP assumes responsibility,
- the metering installation is no longer required for the purposes of Part 15, or
- the load associated with an ICP is converted to be used solely for unmetered load.

Audit observation

I confirmed that SmartCo has ceased to be responsible for some metering installations by checking the event detail report.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has ceased to be responsible for some metering installations and they still continue with their responsibilities, mainly in relation to the storage or records, which are kept indefinitely. As mentioned in **section 2.3**, some of these responsibilities will be met by ATHs on behalf of SmartCo.

Audit outcome

4. INSTALLATION AND MODIFICATION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

4.1. Design Reports for Metering Installations (Clause 2 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 2 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must obtain a design report for each proposed new metering installation or a modification to an existing metering installation, before it installs the new metering installation or before the modification commences.

Clause 2(2) and (3)—The design report must be prepared by a person with the appropriate level of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications and must include a schematic drawing, details of the configuration scheme that programmable metering components are to include, confirmation that the configuration scheme has been approved by an approved test laboratory, maximum interrogation cycle for each services access interface, any compensation factor arrangements, method of certification required, and name and signature of the person who prepared the report and the date it was signed.

Clause 2(4)—The MEP must provide the design report to the certifying ATH before the ATH installs or modifies the metering installation (or a metering component in the metering installation).

Audit observation

I checked the design reports provided by SmartCo to the ATHs to confirm compliance, and I checked that ATHs were correctly recording the design report in the certification records.

Audit commentary

The design reports used by the ATHs include all the relevant details. In the last audit non-compliance was recorded for the maximum interrogation cycle for each services access interface not being recorded in design reports used by the Delta ATH. The Delta ATH design reports comprise multiple documents, including the design reports and specific instructions issued by SmartCo. I have deemed that the Delta process is now compliant as the correct maximum interrogation cycles have been supplied to Delta and are correctly recorded in the metering installation certification reports.

I have repeated the recommendation from the last audit that SmartCo works with Delta to ensure that the design reports used for SmartCo include all required information in a single document.

Recommendation	Description	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding clause 2 of schedule 10.7	Work with Delta to ensure that the design reports used for SmartCo include all required information in a single document.	SmartCo agrees with this recommendation and will continue to work with ATHs on this.	Identified

The ATHs had correctly recorded the design for all of the 39 metering installation certification reports checked.

Audit outcome

4.2. Contracting with ATH (Clause 9 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 9 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must, when contracting with an ATH in relation to the certification of a metering installation, ensure that the ATH has the appropriate scope of approval for the required certification activities.

Audit observation

I confirmed that SmartCo had used Bluecurrent, Delta and Wells ATHs during the audit period.

Audit commentary

Bluecurrent, on behalf of SmartCo, has the scope statements on record for all ATHs to ensure they are appropriate. I confirmed that the ATHs used have the appropriate scope for the certification activities completed.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.3. Metering Installation Design & Accuracy (Clause 4(1) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 4(1) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure:

- that the sum of the measured error and uncertainty does not exceed the maximum permitted error set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1 for the category of the metering installation,
- the design of the metering installation (including data storage device and interrogation system) will ensure the sum of the measured error and the smallest possible increment of the energy value of the raw meter data does not exceed the maximum permitted error set out in table 1 of schedule 10.1 for the category of installation, and
- the metering installation complies with the design report and the requirements of Part 10.

Audit observation

I checked the processes used by SmartCo to ensure compliance with the design and with the error thresholds stipulated in Table 1. I also checked the certification records for 39 metering installations.

Audit commentary

With regard to the design of the installation (including data storage device and interrogation system), SmartCo ensures the sum of the measured error and the smallest possible increment of the energy value of the raw meter data does not exceed the maximum permitted error set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1 for the category of installation. There are no components installed where "coarse" rounding is in place for the data or where meters with a low pulse rate are connected to separate data storage devices. Data from meters and data storage devices has a minimum of two decimal places.

There is a requirement for SmartCo to ensure the metering installation complies with the design report and the requirements of Part 10. The ATHs have a field in their certification reports to record the design report reference. I checked 39 certification reports, and the design report reference was recorded for all installations.

The ATHs have compliant practices and are now calculating uncertainty for metering installations certified using the comparative method. My checks of the metering installation certification reports for 21 category 2 installations certified using the comparative recertification method confirmed that the correct procedures were followed and that the error and uncertainty results were within the required limits.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.4. Net metering and Subtractive Metering (Clause 10.13A and 4(2)(a) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 10.13A and Clause 4(2)(a) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

MEPs must ensure that the metering installation records imported electricity separately from exported electricity. For category 1 and 2 installations the MEP must ensure the metering installation records imported and exported electricity separately for each phase. For category 3 or higher installations, the MEP does not need to ensure that imported and exported electricity is recorded separately for each phase.

If the metering installation contains multiple phases, the MEP may aggregate together the amounts of imported electricity recorded on different phases, or the amounts of exported electricity recorded on different phases. However, the MEP must not aggregate imported and exported electricity together. For metering installations for ICPs that are not also NSPs, the MEP must ensure that the metering installation does not use subtraction to determine submission information used for the purposes of Part 15.

Audit observation

I asked SmartCo to confirm whether subtraction was used for any metering installations where they were the MEP.

Audit commentary

SmartCo does not have any metering installations where subtractive metering is used.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.5. HHR Metering (Clause 4(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 4(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

For metering installations for ICPs that are also not NSPs, the MEP must ensure that all category 3 or higher metering installations must be half-hour metering installations.

Audit observation

I checked SmartCo's list file to confirm compliance with this requirement.

Audit commentary

I checked SmartCo's list file to confirm compliance with this requirement. There are no installations over category 2.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.6. NSP Metering (Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that the metering installation for each NSP that is not connected to the grid does not use subtraction to determine submission information used for the purposes of Part 15 and is a half-hour metering installation.

Audit observation

I checked if SmartCo is responsible for any NSP metering.

Audit commentary

SmartCo is not the MEP for any NSP metering.

Audit outcome

Not applicable

4.7. Responsibility for Metering Installations (Clause 10.26(10))

Code reference

Clause 10.26(10)

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each point of connection to the grid for which there is a metering installation that it is responsible for has a half hour metering installation.

Audit observation

SmartCo is not responsible for any grid metering.

Audit commentary

SmartCo is not responsible for any grid metering.

Audit outcome

Not applicable

4.8. Suitability of Metering Installations (Clause 4(4) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 4(4) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must, for each metering installation for which it is responsible, ensure that it is appropriate having regard to the physical and electrical characteristics of the POC.

Audit observation

I checked the SmartCo installation guidelines with regard to this clause.

Audit commentary

SmartCo provides ATHs with a "Specific installation requirements and guidelines" document for each network. These are comprehensive manuals which cover all aspects of metering installation and certification. I checked an example for one network and confirmed that the requirements in relation to physical and electrical characteristics were included.

The certification records for all ATHs contain a field or a statement in relation to this clause and the technician is required to confirm that installations are compliant and safe.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.9. Installation & Modification of Metering Installations (Clauses 10.34(2), (2A) and (3))

Code reference

Clauses 10.34(2), (2A) and (3)

Code related audit information

If a metering installation is proposed to be installed or modified at a POC, other than a POC to the grid, the MEP must consult with and use its best endeavours, to agree with the distributor and the trader for that POC, before the design is finalised, on the metering installation's:

- required functionality,
- terms of use
- required interface format,
- integration of the ripple receiver and the meter
- functionality for controllable load.

This includes where the MEP is proposing to replace a metering component or metering installations with the same or similar design and functionality but excludes where the MEP has already consulted on the design with the distributor and trader.

Each participant involved in the consultations must use its best endeavours to reach agreement and act reasonably and in good faith.

Audit observation

SmartCo has provided copies of the design reports to all distributors and traders in order to achieve compliance with this requirement.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has provided copies of the design reports to all distributors and traders in order to achieve compliance with this requirement. There were no new designs during the audit period.

Audit outcome

4.10. Changes to Registry Records (Clause 3 of Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 3 of Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

If the MEP has an arrangement with the trader, the MEP must advise the registry manager of the registry metering records, or any change to the registry metering records, for each metering installation for which it is responsible at the ICP, no later than 10 business days following:

- a) the electrical connection of the metering installation at the ICP,
- b) any subsequent change to the metering installation's metering records.

If the MEP is update the registry in accordance with 8(11)(b) of schedule 10.6, ten business days after the most recent unsuccessful interrogation.

If update the registry in accordance with clause 8(13) of schedule 10.6, three business days following the expiry of the time period or date from which the MEP determines it cannot restore communications.

Audit observation

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 May 2023 to 8 April 2024 to evaluate the timeliness of registry updates.

Audit commentary

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 May 2023 to 8 April 2024 and the table below shows the results relating to late updates after new connections:

Event type	Year	Total	Total within ten days	% Compliant
New	2020	2,789	1,999	72%
connections	2021	2,500	2,302	92%
	2022	1,838	1,607	87%
	2023	2,591	2,212	85.37%
	2024	2,173	2,015	92.73%

130 of the 158 late updates were due to late nomination by the trader.

SmartCo provided details of the reasons for the late updates for a sample of 11 late updates:

- eight were due to delays in processing exceptions,
- one was due to JDE not recording an exception, despite the registry not being updated, and
- two were due late field notification.

I checked five late updates following recertification. Two were due to late field notification and three due to processing issues.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description		
Audit Ref: 4.10	Some records updated to the registry later than ten business days.		
With: Clause 3 of	Potential impact: Medium		
Schedule 11.4	Actual impact: Low		
	Audit history: Multiple times		
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Strong		
To: 08-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 1		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating		
Low	I have recorded the controls as strong because they mitigate risk to an acceptable level.		
	Late updates for new connections can has settlement, therefore the audit risk ratin	•	t on participants and
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved		NA	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
Smartco will continue to review processes to ensure data is complete and accurate and implement a process to monitor and resolve issues are identified and amended in a timely fashion		Ongoing	

4.11. Metering Infrastructure (Clause 10.39(1))

Code reference

Clause 10.39(1)

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that for each metering installation:

- an appropriately designed metering infrastructure is in place,
- each metering component is compatible with, and will not interfere with any other component in the installation,
- collectively, all metering components integrate to provide a functioning system, and
- each metering installation is correctly and accurately integrated within the associated metering infrastructure.

Audit observation

The AMI metering and data collection system is considered "metering infrastructure". The design report and type test report were checked to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

The type test report, design report and this audit report confirm that the system will operate in a compliant manner.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.12. Decommissioning of an ICP (Clause 10.23A)

Code reference

Clause 10.23A

Code related audit information

If a metering installation at an ICP is to be decommissioned, but the ICP is not being decommissioned, the MEP that is responsible for decommissioning the metering installation must:

- if the MEP is responsible for interrogating the metering installation, arrange for a final interrogation to take place before the metering installation is decommissioned, and provide the raw meter data from the interrogation to the responsible trader,
- if another participant is responsible for interrogating the metering installation, advise the other participant not less than three business days before the decommissioning of the time and date of the decommissioning, and that the participant must carry out a final interrogation.

To avoid doubt, if a metering installation at an ICP is to be decommissioned because the ICP is being decommissioned:

- the trader, not the MEP, is responsible for arranging a final interrogation of the metering installation,
- the responsible trader must arrange for a final interrogation of the metering installation.

Audit observation

I checked whether SmartCo was the MEP at any decommissioned metering installations and whether notification had been provided to relevant traders.

Audit commentary

There were no examples of decommissioned metering installations where the ICP was not also decommissioned.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.13. Measuring Transformer Burden and Compensation Requirements (Clause 31(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 31(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must, before approving the addition of, or change to, the burden or compensation factor of a measuring transformer in a metering installation, consult with the ATH who certified the metering installation.

If the MEP approves the addition of, or change to, the burden or compensation factor, it must ensure the metering installation is recertified by an ATH before the addition or change becomes effective.

Audit observation

I asked SmartCo whether they had approved any burden changes during the audit period.

Audit commentary

There have not been any examples of this occurring during the audit period.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.14. Changes to Software ROM or Firmware (Clause 39(1) and 39(2) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 39(1) and 39(2) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must, if it proposes to change the software, ROM or firmware of a data storage device installed in a metering installation, ensure that, before the change is carried out, an approved test laboratory:

- tests and confirms that the integrity of the measurement and logging of the data storage device would be unaffected,
- documents the methodology and conditions necessary to implement the change,
- advises the ATH that certified the metering installation of any change that might affect the accuracy of the data storage device.

The MEP must, when implementing a change to the software, ROM or firmware of a data storage device installed in a metering installation:

- carry out the change in accordance with the methodology and conditions identified by the approved test laboratory under clause 39(1)(b)
- keep a list of the data storage devices that were changed,
- update the metering records for each installation affected with the details of the change and the methodology used.

Audit observation

I checked if there any examples of changes in accordance with these clauses.

Audit commentary

There have been no examples of software, ROM or firmware changes for SmartCo. A compliant process exists should any changes be made in the future.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.15. Temporary Electrical Connection (Clause 10.29A)

Code reference

Clause 10.29A

Code related audit information

An MEP must not request that a grid owner temporarily electrically connect a POC to the grid unless the MEP is authorised to do so by the grid owner responsible for that POC and the MEP has an arrangement with that grid owner to provide metering services.

Audit observation

SmartCo is not responsible for any grid metering.

Audit commentary

SmartCo is not responsible for any grid metering.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.16. Temporary Electrical Connection (Clause 10.30A)

Code reference

Clause 10.30A

Code related audit information

An MEP must not request that a distributor temporarily electrically connect an NSP that is not a POC to the grid unless the MEP is authorised to do so by the reconciliation participant responsible for that NSP and the MEP has an arrangement with that reconciliation participant to provide metering services.

Audit observation

SmartCo is not responsible for any NSP metering.

Audit commentary

SmartCo is not responsible for any NSP metering.

Audit outcome

Compliant

4.17. Temporary Electrical Connection (Clause 10.31A)

Code reference

Clause 10.31A

Code related audit information

Only a distributor may, on its network, temporarily electrically connect an ICP that is not an NSP. A MEP may only request the temporary electrical connection of the ICP if it is for the purpose of certifying a metering installation, or for maintaining, repairing, testing, or commissioning a metering installation at the ICP.

Audit observation

I checked for examples where the metering installation certification date was prior to the initial electrical connection date of the ICP to determine whether there were any examples of temporary electrical connection for the purposes of testing and certification.

Audit commentary

There were no temporary connections of ICPs identified where SmartCo is the MEP during the audit period.

Audit outcome

5. METERING RECORDS

5.1. Accurate and Complete Records (Clause 4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1, Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1, Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

The MEP must, for each metering installation for which it is responsible, keep accurate and complete records of the attributes set out in Table 1 of Schedule 11.4. These include:

- a) the certification expiry date of each metering component in the metering installation
- b) all equipment used in relation to the metering installation, including serial numbers and details of the equipment's manufacturer,
- c) the manufacturer's or (if different) most recent test certificate for each metering component in the metering installation,
- d) the metering installation category and any metering installations certified at a lower category,
- e) all certification reports and calibration reports showing dates tested, tests carried out, and test results for all metering components in the metering installation,
- f) the contractor who installed each metering component in the metering installation,
- g) the certification sticker, or equivalent details, for each metering component that is certified under schedule 10.8 in the metering installation:
- h) any variations or use of the 'alternate certification' process,
- i) seal identification information,
- j) any applicable compensation factors,
- k) the owner of each metering component within the metering installation,
- I) any applications installed within each metering component, and
- m) the signed inspection report confirming that the metering installation complies with the requirements of Part 10.

Audit observation

I checked certification records for 39 metering installations to evaluate compliance with this clause.

Audit commentary

As mentioned in **section 1.4**, agreements between SmartCo and ATHs clearly specify to the ATHs that they are acting as an agent for the management of certification records, and they are required to produce these within five business days. I requested records for 39 metering installations and records were supplied for all 39. I found errors and missing information in some of the metering installation certification reports. I have recorded this as non-compliance as the records with errors and missing information are not deemed to be accurate and complete. The errors identified are shown in the table below.

Error		Delta	Bluecurrent
Incorrect maximum interrogation cycle		-	-
All test results not recorded			6
Incorrect certification expiry date recorded		1	-
Meter calibration reference not included		12	6
Register advance not recorded		12	6

All 21 category 2 certification reports had correct information, but all 18 category 1 reports contained errors or missing information.

I checked three ICPs where builder's temporary supplies (BTSs) had been electrically connected with SmartCo metering, but certification reports were not supplied, and the registry does not contain the BTS information, it only contains the permanent metering installation information, and in two cases, the same meter was installed on the BTS and the permanent supply. The ICPs are shown below.

ICP	Certification date	Electrical connection date	Elapsed days
0009731335LN3D9	28 August 2023	3 April 2023	147
0000028665MO6FB	9 October 2023	3 February 2023	248
0009731252LN8E7	16 October 2023	13 June 2023	125

I examined the Code to determine whether SmartCo was non-compliant for not having certification records for the BTSs and not populating the registry with the relevant details. Clause 10.21 stipulates that an MEPs obligations come into effect: "...on the date that is recorded in the registry as being the date on which the metering installation equipment was installed." This appears to mean that SmartCo was not responsible for these metering installations, because they were not nominated as the MEP by the trader, who is Contact Energy in all cases. Therefore, I haven't recorded non-compliance, but I recommend SmartCo investigates these three ICPs to determine how they were electrically connected without notification of certification.

Description	Recommendation	Audited party comment	Remedial action
BTS to permanent certification	Investigate the BTS to permanent process to determine why certification records are not available for three ICPs.	Smartco agrees with this recommendation and will work with other parties.	Identified

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description	
Audit Ref: 5.1 With: Clause 4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6	Certification records were not accurate and complete for all 18 category 1 certification reports. Potential impact: Medium Actual impact: Low	
From: 01-May-23 To: 04-Apr-24	Audit history: Multiple times Controls: Moderate Breach risk rating: 2	
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating	
Low	I have recorded the controls as moderate because there is room for improvement. The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.	

Actions taken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status
The identified issues will be reviewed and corrected where required	30/09/2023	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date	
SmartCo will continue to review this area and further reinforce with its ATHs this requirement and determine how this can be monitored and, where issues are identified, raised with its ATHs promptly	Ongoing	

5.2. Inspection Reports (Clause 4(2) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 4(2) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must, within ten business days of receiving a request from a participant for a signed inspection report prepared under clause 44 of Schedule 10.7, make a copy of the report available to the participant.

Audit observation

I asked SmartCo whether any requests had been made for copies of inspection reports.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has not been requested to supply any inspection reports, but these are available and can be supplied on request.

Audit outcome

Compliant

5.3. Retention of Metering Records (Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must keep metering installation records for 48 months after any metering component is removed, or any metering installation is decommissioned.

Audit observation

I checked historic metering records to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

SmartCo intends to keep records indefinitely and the ATHs are required to keep them for seven years after the installation is decommissioned or components are removed.

Audit outcome

5.4. Provision of Records to ATH (Clause 6 Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 6 Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

If the MEP contracts with an ATH to recertify a metering installation and the ATH did not previously certify the metering installation, the MEP must provide the ATH with a copy of all relevant metering records not later than ten business days after the contract comes into effect.

Audit observation

SmartCo will comply with this requirement as it arises. There are no current examples where this has occurred.

Audit commentary

SmartCo will comply with this requirement as it arises. There are no current examples where this has occurred.

Audit outcome

6. MAINTENANCE OF REGISTRY INFORMATION

6.1. MEP Response to Switch Notification (Clause 1(1) of Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 1(1) of Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

Within ten business days of being advised by the registry that it is the gaining MEP for the metering installation for the ICP, the MEP must enter into an arrangement with the trader and advise the registry it accepts responsibility for the ICP and of the proposed date on which it will assume responsibility.

Audit observation

I checked the switch breach history detail report to confirm whether all responses were within ten business days.

Audit commentary

All MN files were sent within ten business days.

Audit outcome

Compliant

6.2. Provision of Registry Information (Clause 7 (1) (1A), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

The MEP must provide the information indicated as being 'required' in Table 1 of clause 7 of Schedule 11.4 to the registry manager, in the prescribed form for each metering installation for which the MEP is responsible.

The MEP does not need to provide 'required' information if the information is only for the purpose of a distributor direct billing consumers on its network.

From 1 April 2015, a MEP is required to ensure that all the registry metering records of its category 1 metering installations are complete, accurate, not misleading or deceptive, and not likely to mislead or deceive.

The information the MEP provides to the registry manager must derive from the metering equipment provider's records or the metering records contained within the current trader's system.

Audit observation

I checked the audit compliance report, and the list file to identify discrepancies.

Audit commentary

Analysis of the audit compliance report and list file for all ICPs found some discrepancies. The table below shows these and includes a comparison with the previous audit results.

Issue	2024 Quantity	2023 Quantity	2022 Quantity	2021 Quantity	2020 Quantity	Comments
SMCO is recorded on the registry as the MEP, but the metering records have not been populated on the registry	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Night with no day	1	0	0	0	1	Still existing
CN only on residential ICP	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Day and night not = 24	0	1	0	0	0	N/A
ICPs have "IN24". This is not a valid combination	0	0	0	0	15,438	N/A
UN only with a control device.	449	341	331	0	305	Still existing
Incorrect certification duration	2	1	2	0	0	Registry corrected
Category 2 without CTs recorded in the registry	0	0	0	3	2	N/A
Incorrect metering category	1	2	0	0	0	Registry corrected
CTs on category 1 installation	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Incorrect certification or expiry date	2	0	0	4	38	Registry corrected
Invalid ATH identifier recorded. (VEMS identifier used after 28 September 2018)	1	1	46	34	17	Still existing
Incorrect ATH	2	0	0	0	1	Still existing
CN used after 1 April 2018 for control at fixed times.	6,415					Still existing
Maximum interrogation cycle different to certification report	8					Still existing

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Desc	cription		
Audit Ref: 6.2	Some registry records were incomplete or incorrect.			
With: Clause 7 (1), (2)	Potential impact: Medium			
and (3) of Schedule 11.4	Actual impact: Low			
	Audit history: Multiple times			
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Strong			
To: 04-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 1			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating		
Low	I have recorded the controls as strong because they mitigate risk to an acceptable level.			
	Some of the discrepancies have a minor impact on participants, customers or settlement. The relevant ones in this regard are tariff related. The audit risk rating is low.			
Actions taken to resolve the issue Completion date			Remedial action status	
All identified accuracy issues are in the process of being corrected. Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved		30/09/2024	Identified	
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date		
Smartco will continue to review processes to ensure data is complete and accurate and implement a process to monitor and resolve issues are identified and amended in a timely fashion		Ongoing		

6.3. Correction of Errors in Registry (Clause 6 of Schedule 11.4)

Code reference

Clause 6 of Schedule 11.4

Code related audit information

By 0900 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period, the MEP must obtain from the registry:

- a list of ICPs for the metering installations the MEP is responsible for,
- the registry metering records for each ICP on that list.

No later than five business days following collection of data from the registry, the MEP must compare the information obtained from the registry with the MEP's own records.

Within five business days of becoming aware of any discrepancy between the MEP's records and the information obtained from the registry, the MEP must correct the records that are in error and advise the registry of any necessary changes to the registry metering records.

Audit observation

I conducted a walkthrough of the validation processes to confirm compliance. I checked all records in the audit compliance report to confirm whether the timeliness requirements were being met.

Audit commentary

SmartCo demonstrated that there were a number of checks in place to ensure registry data is correct and that it was conducting complete validation for all fields in accordance with this clause.

Audit outcome

Compliant

6.4. Cancellation of Certification (Clause 20 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 20 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The certification of a metering installation is automatically cancelled on the date on which one of the following events takes place:

- a) the metering installation is modified otherwise than under sub clause 19(3), 19(3A) or 19(3C),
- b) the metering installation is classed as outside the applicable accuracy tolerances set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1, defective or not fit for purpose under this Part or any audit,
- c) an ATH advises the metering equipment provider responsible for the metering installation of a reference standard or working standard used to certify the metering installation not being compliant with this Part at the time it was used to certify the metering installation, or the failure of a group of meters in the statistical sampling recertification process for the metering installation, or the failure of a certification test for the metering installation,
- d) the manufacturer of a metering component in the metering installation determines that the metering component does not comply with the standards to which the metering component was tested,
- e) an inspection of the metering installation, that is required under this Part, is not carried out in accordance with the relevant clauses of this Part,
- f) if the metering installation has been determined to be a lower category under clause 6 and:
 - a. the MEP has not received the report under 6(2A)(a) or 6(2A)(b); or
 - b. the report demonstrates the maximum current is higher than permitted; or
 - c. the report demonstrates the electricity conveyed exceeds the amount permitted,
- g) the metering installation is certified under clause 14 and sufficient load is available for full certification testing and has not been retested under clause 14(4),
- h) a control device in the metering installation certification is, and remains for a period of at least ten business days, bridged out under clause 35(1),
- i) the metering equipment provider responsible for the metering installation is advised by an ATH under clause 48(6)(b) that a seal has been removed or broken and the accuracy and continued integrity of the metering installation has been affected,
- j) the installation is an HHR AMI installation certified after 29 August 2013 and
 - a. the metering installation is not interrogated within the maximum interrogation cycle; or
 - b. the HHR and NHH register comparison is not performed; or
 - c. the HHR and NHH register comparison for the same period finds a difference of greater than 1 kWh and the issue is not remediated within three business days.

A metering equipment provider must (unless the installation has been recertified within the 10 business days) within ten business days of becoming aware that one of the events above has occurred in relation

to a metering installation for which it is responsible, update the metering installation's certification expiry date in the registry.

If any of the events in clause 20(1)(j) of schedule 10.7 have occurred, update the AMI flag in the registry to 'N'.

Audit observation

I checked for examples of the points listed above, and checked whether certification had been cancelled, and whether the registry had been updated within ten business days.

Audit commentary

Inspection

Category 1 inspection by statistical sampling was correctly conducted in 2023. This is discussed further in **section 8.1**.

I checked for category 2 metering installations due for inspection. No category 2 metering installations were due for inspection.

Current transformer in-service burden

Analysis of the certification records for 21 category 2 metering installations found that 20 had appropriate burden applied. ICP 0004182836TP0B7 was certified on 6 July 2023 by the Delta ATH. The CTs have a burden rating of 10VA, therefore the minimum in-service burden is 2.5VA, but the actual in-service burden was measured at 2.315. Certification is therefore cancelled. SMCO was notified on 26 April 2024, but certification was not cancelled by the time of the onsite audit.

Maximum interrogation cycle

I checked for examples where meters were not interrogated within the maximum interrogation cycle and the AMI flag is still "Y" and certification was not cancelled. As recorded in **section 10.5** no examples were identified.

Sum-check Failure

I checked for examples where meters had not passed sum-check, were not resolved within three business days and certification was not cancelled within ten business days. As recorded in **section 10.9**, SmartCo has a process to identify sum-check failures and cancel certification if not resolved within three business days. The reporting provided by SmartCo identified 33 meters that had failed sum-check and were not resolved within three business days. Certification was cancelled on the registry within ten business days for 30 of the ICPs. Certification was cancelled on the registry after more than ten business days for three ICPs.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Desc	cription		
Audit Ref: 6.4	Certification cancelled, and registry not updated within ten business days for:			
With: Clause 20 of Schedule 10.7	 ICP 0004182836TP0B7 with low burden, and three ICPs where sum-check failures were not resolved within three business days. 			
	Potential impact: Low			
	Actual impact: Low			
	Audit history: Multiple times			
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Strong			
To: 04-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 1			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating			
Low	I have recorded the controls as strong because risk is mitigated to an acceptable level.			
	The responsibility for SmartCo is to cancel certification on the registry once they know certification is cancelled and the impact of not doing this is minor, therefore the audit risk rating is low.			
Actions to	aken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status	
All identified accuracy issues are in the process of being corrected. Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved.		30/09/2024	Identified	
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date		
Smartco will continue to review processes to ensure data is complete and accurate and implement a process to monitor and resolve issues are identified and amended in a timely fashion.		Ongoing		

6.5. Registry Metering Records (Clause 11.8A)

Code reference

Clause 11.8A

Code related audit information

The MEP must provide the registry with the required metering information for each metering installation the MEP is responsible for and update the registry metering records in accordance with Schedule 11.4.

Audit observation

This clause refers to schedule 11.4 which is discussed in **section 6.2**, apart from the requirement to provide information in the "prescribed form". I checked for examples of SmartCo not using the prescribed form.

Audit commentary

This clause refers to schedule 11.4 which is discussed in **section 6.2**, apart from the requirement to provide information in the "prescribed form". I checked for examples of SmartCo not using the prescribed form and did not find any exceptions.

Audit outcome

7. CERTIFICATION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

7.1. Certification and Maintenance (Clause 10.38 (a), clause 1 and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 10.38 (a), clause 1 and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must obtain and maintain certifications for all installations and metering components for which it is responsible. The MEP must ensure it:

- performs regular maintenance, battery replacement, repair/replacement of components of the metering installations,
- updates the metering records at the time of the maintenance,
- has a recertification programme that will ensure that all installations are recertified prior to expiry.

Audit observation

I conducted the following checks to identify metering installations with expired, cancelled or late certification:

- the audit compliance report was checked to identify ICPs with expired certification,
- the new connections process was checked by using the event detail report, PR255 and the list file to identify ICPs where the certification was not conducted within five business days of energisation, and
- I checked ICPs where certification was cancelled to ensure the registry was updated accordingly.

Audit commentary

At the time of my analysis, 42 ICPs were showing as having expired or cancelled certification, of which 34 were category 1, and eight were category 2. The table below summarises the details and reasons for cancellation provided by SmartCo.

Number of cancelled or expired certifications	Category	Reason for cancelled or expired certification
2	1	Incorrect certification expiry dates in the registry, now corrected.
32	1	Certification cancelled due to failed sum-check.
1	2	Certification cancelled due to meter not being interrogated and AMI flag not being changed within the maximum interrogation cycle.
3	2	Certification cancelled due to certification taking place with low CT burden.
1	2	Installation failed certification tests.
3	2	Recertification in progress.

As mentioned in **section 6.4**, certification is cancelled for one additional ICP with low burden.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Desc	cription		
Audit Ref: 7.1	Certification expired or cancelled for 43 ICPs.			
With: Clause 10.38 (a)	Potential impact: High			
	Actual impact: Low			
	Audit history: Multiple times			
From: 02-Jun-21	Controls: Moderate			
To: 16-May-24	Breach risk rating: 2			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating		
Low	I have recorded the controls as moderate in this area because the SmartCo processes have been improved to avoid cancellation of certification. The impact on settlement is recorded as low because it is unlikely that there are accuracy issues with the metering installations with cancelled certification, therefore the audit risk rating is low.			
Actions taken to resolve the issue Completion Remedial action statu				
All identified accuracy issues are in the process of being corrected. Timeliness issues that have already occurred are unable to be resolved.		30/09/2024	Identified	
Preventative actions take	en to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date		
complete and accurate ar	review processes to ensure data is and implement a process to monitor and ed and amended in a timely fashion.	Ongoing		

7.2. Certification Tests (Clause 10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

For each metering component and metering installation an MEP is responsible for, the MEP must ensure that:

- an ATH performs the appropriate certification and recertification tests,
- the ATH has the appropriate scope of approval to certify and recertify the metering installation.

Audit observation

I checked the certification records for 39 metering installations to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

Category 1 certification tests

All certification activities have been conducted by Bluecurrent and Delta ATHs. I checked a sample of 18 category 1 certification records to confirm if all required testing had been completed. The certification records included confirmation that testing had been conducted, but the results were not always recorded.

As recorded in **section 5.1** there were a number of certification records with inaccurate or missing information including the results of testing conducted by the Bluecurrent and Delta ATHs.

I have recommended that SmartCo requires the Bluecurrent ATH to include details and results of all testing completed in the metering installation certification reports provided. I also recommend the Delta ATH is required to include all relevant information in the metering installation certification report, where currently some of the information is available in Deltaview, but not recorded in the certification report.

Description	Recommendation	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding Clause 10.38(b)	Require the Delta and Bluecurrent ATHs to include details and results of all testing completed in the metering installation certification reports provided.	SmartCo agrees with this recommendation and will discuss this with the ATH.	Identified

A breakdown of the certification reports checked and recording of test results is detailed in the table below:

ATH	Total Cat 1 reports checked	Reports with test results not recorded
Bluecurrent	6	6
Delta	12	12
Total	18	18

I checked for examples where category 1 metering installations were recertified without a meter being replaced. Table 3 of Schedule 10.1 requires that a prevailing load test is conducted when a category 1 metering installation is recertified without the meter being replaced. Clause 9(1)(a) requires that prevailing load tests must be conducted using a working standard connected to the metering installation. One example was found. ICP 0000328389MPE2D had certification cancelled on 10 January 2024 due to an unresolved sum-check discrepancy. It was recertified on 12 February 2024 without a meter replacement, and a prevailing load test was not conducted.

Category 2 certification tests

The certification records for all 21 category 2 metering installations included test results which confirmed that all required testing had been completed.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Des	cription		
Audit Ref: 7.2	Test results are not all recorded for all 18 category 1 certification reports.			
With: Clause 10.38(b)	Prevailing load test not conducted for IC	CP 0000328389MI	PE2D.	
	Potential impact: Medium			
	Actual impact: Low			
	Audit history: Twice			
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Moderate			
To: 04-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 2			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating		
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate as ATH processes ensure that testing requirements are met in most scenarios, but there is room for improvement.			
	The impact is low as the accuracy of the metering installation is unlikely to have been impacted by the tests not being completed, the audit risk rating is low.			
Actions ta	Actions taken to resolve the issue Completion Remedial action sta			
	e a prevailing load is required in this erm) and is awaiting clarification from	Ongoing	Identified	
Preventative actions t	aken to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date		
Where we believe prevailing load test is required, our policy is to replace meters as the test houses do not have provision of expensive equipment to undertake this testing		Ongoing		

7.3. Active and Reactive Capability (Clause 10.37(1) and 10.37(2)(a))

Code reference

Clause 10.37(1) and 10.37(2)(a)

Code related audit information

For any category 2 or higher half-hour metering installation that is certified after 29 August 2013, the MEP must ensure that the installation has active and reactive measuring and recording capability.

Consumption only installations that is a category 3 metering installation or above must measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy,
- b) import reactive energy,
- c) export reactive energy.

Consumption only installations that are a category 2 metering installation must measure and separately record import active energy.

All other installations must measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy,
- b) export active energy,
- c) import reactive energy,
- d) export reactive energy.

All grid connected POCs with metering installations which are certified after 29 August 2013 should measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy,
- b) export active energy,
- c) import reactive energy,
- d) export reactive energy.

Audit observation

I checked the certification records for 20 metering installations to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

Category 2 AMI metering installations are predominantly "consumption only" and therefore the meters are required to measure and separately record export reactive energy. The data storage devices are capable of this but are not configured this way, however compliance is achieved because the Code does not require the reactive energy channel to be interrogated and returned.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.4. Local Service Metering (Clause 10.37(2)(b))

Code reference

Clause 10.37(2)(b)

Code related audit information

The accuracy of each local service metering installation in grid substations must be within the tolerances set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1.

Audit observation

This clause relates to Transpower as an MEP.

Audit commentary

This clause relates to Transpower as an MEP.

Audit outcome

Not applicable

7.5. Measuring Transformer Burden (Clause 30(1) and 31(2) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 30(1) and 31(2) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must not permit a measuring transformer to be connected to equipment used for a purpose other than metering, unless it is not practical for the equipment to have a separate measuring transformer.

The MEP must ensure that a change to, or addition of, a measuring transformer burden or a compensation factor related to a measuring transformer is carried out only by:

- a) the ATH who most recently certified the metering installation,
- b) for a POC to the grid, by a suitably qualified person approved by both the MEP and the ATH who most recently certified the metering installation.

Audit observation

I asked SmartCo if there were any examples of burden changes or the addition of non-metering equipment being connected to metering CTs.

Audit commentary

There are no examples of burden changes having occurred.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.6. Certification as a Lower Category (Clauses 6(1)(b) and (d), and 6(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clauses 6(1)(b) and (d), and 6(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

A category 2 or higher metering installation may be certified by an ATH at a lower category than would be indicated solely on the primary rating of the current if the MEP, based on historical metering data, reasonably believes that:

- the maximum current will at all times during the intended certification period be lower than the current setting of the protection device for the category for which the metering installation is certified, or is required to be certified by the Code; or
- the metering installation will use less than 0.5 GWh in any 12-month period.

If a metering installation is categorised under clause 6(1)(b), the ATH may, if it considers appropriate, and, at the MEP's request, determine the metering installation's category according to the metering installation's expected maximum current.

If a meter is certified in this manner:

- the MEP must, each month, obtain a report from the participant interrogating the metering installation, which details the maximum current from raw meter data from the metering installation by either calculation from the kVA by trading period, if available, or from a maximum current indicator if fitted in the metering installation conveyed through the point of connection for the prior month; and
- if the MEP does not receive a report, or the report demonstrates that the maximum current conveyed through the POC was higher than permitted for the metering installation category it is certified for, then the certification for the metering installation is automatically cancelled.

Audit observation

I checked the audit compliance report for examples where the CT ratio was above the metering category threshold to confirm that protection was appropriate or that monitoring was in place.

Audit commentary

The audit compliance report identified eight nominally category 3 metering installations certified as a category 2. All eight installations have protection rated at 500A or less therefore monitoring is not

required. SmartCo confirmed that these eight installations are also monitored each month to confirm that the category 2 threshold is not exceeded.

The ICPs are shown in the table below:

ICP	АТН	Certification date	CT ratio	Comments
0000365665MP339	VEMS	27 February 2017	800/5	Main switch rating is less than 500A
0000373718MPD1A	VEMS	24 August 2016	600/5	Fusing is 300A
0001031002AL012	WELL	17 January 2017	600/5	315A fuses
0003586034ALCAD	WELL	24 January 2017	600/5	400A fuses
0005721110ALC3F	WELL	13 January 2017	600/5	400A fuses
0005742234AL3DB	WELL	30 October 2016	600/5	400A fuses
0007600616AL3C1	DELT	18 February 2020	600/5	355A Fuses
0001072686ALB21	DELT	20 March 2020	600/5	Fusing less than 500A

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.7. Insufficient Load for Certification Tests (Clauses 14(3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clauses 14(3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If there is insufficient electricity conveyed through a POC to allow the ATH to complete a prevailing load test for a metering installation that is being certified as a half hour meter and the ATH certifies the metering installation the MEP must:

- obtain and monitor raw meter data from the metering installation at least once each calendar month to determine if load during the month is sufficient for a prevailing load test to be completed:
- if there is sufficient load, arrange for an ATH to complete the tests (within 20 business days).

Audit observation

I checked if there were any examples of Insufficient load certifications.

Audit commentary

ICP 0000705026MP0BD had insufficient load to conduct testing on 1 November 2023, but the VCOM ATH did not certify the installation for insufficient load. The Code states: "When this clause applies, the ATH must, when certifying the metering installation, ensure that it performs an additional integrity check of the metering installation wiring, and records the results of this check in the certification report; and it records in the certification report that the metering installation is certified under this clause." It seems

this clause only applies if certification is conducted, but the ATH is not required to conduct certification. I have raised this as an issue below.

Issue	Description	Remedial action
Clause 14 of Schedule 10.7	There are many examples where ATHs attend site to conduct certification and when there is insufficient load to complete tests, rather than conduct "insufficient load" certification, the ATH leaves the site uncertified and returns at a later date. This raises two issues:	Authority to change the Code to require insufficient load certification to be conducted by ATHs if they are in attendance to conduct certification.
	there is no way of knowing whether the installation is recording correctly, and	
	traders are non-compliant for late certification.	

I have therefore concluded that whilst leaving the installation uncertified is not considered best practice, SmartCo is compliant because their responsibilities only begin once insufficient load certification has been applied.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.8. Insufficient Load for Certification – Cancellation of Certification (Clause 14(6) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 14(6) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If the tests conducted under clause 14(4) of Schedule 10.7 demonstrate that the metering installation is not within the relevant maximum permitted error:

- the metering installation certification is automatically revoked:
- the certifying ATH must advise the MEP of the cancellation within one business day:
- the MEP must follow the procedure for handling faulty metering installations (clause 10.43 10.48).

Audit observation

I checked if there were any examples of Insufficient load certifications.

Audit commentary

There were no examples of insufficient load certification during the audit period. SmartCo has previously instructed ATHs that load must be added to perform certification testing and that insufficient load certification should not be conducted.

As mentioned in **section 7.7**, there was one installation where insufficient load certification should have been applied but it wasn't.

Audit outcome

7.9. Alternative Certification Requirements (Clauses 32(2), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clauses 32(2), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If an ATH cannot comply with the requirements to certify a metering installation due to measuring transformer access issues, and therefore certifies the metering installation in accordance with clause 32(1) of Schedule 10.7, the MEP must:

- advise the market administrator, by no later than ten business days after the date of certification of the metering installation, of the details in clause 32(2)(a) of schedule 10.7,
- respond, within five business days, to any requests from the market administrator for additional information,
- ensure that all of the details are recorded in the metering installation certification report,
- take all steps to ensure that the metering installation is certified before the certification expiry date.

If the market administrator determines the ATH could have obtained access the metering installation is deemed to be defective, and the MEP must follow the process of handling faults metering installations in clauses 10.43 to 10.48.

Audit observation

I checked the registry records to confirm whether alternative certification had been applied.

Audit commentary

Alternative certification has not occurred. I confirmed this by checking the list file.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.10. Timekeeping Requirements (Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If a time keeping device that is not remotely monitored and corrected controls the switching of a meter register in a metering installation, the MEP must ensure that the time keeping device:

- a) has a time keeping error of not greater than an average of 2 seconds per day over a period of 12 months,
- b) is monitored and corrected at least once every 12 months.

Audit observation

I asked SmartCo whether there were any metering installations with time switches switching meter registers or any metering installations with time dependant register content codes where the AMI flag had been changed to "N" for more than 12 months.

Audit commentary

SmartCo confirmed that there are no metering installations with meter registers controlled by time switches.

SmartCo has AMI meters with configurations using multiple registers that are remotely monitored to meet the requirements of clause 8(4) of schedule 10.6. In cases where AMI meters fail to communicate the MEP switches the AMI flag in the registry to "N" to avoid cancellation of certification. When the meter is not communicating its time is no longer monitored and it becomes subject to the requirements of this clause if there are registers switched by the time of meter. 251 "active" ICPs with time dependent register content codes where the AMI flag had been changed to "N" due to an inability to communicate were identified. 14 of a sample of 20 of the 251 had been at "AMI=N" for more than 12 months, and therefore have not had time monitored and corrected.

I repeat the recommendation that SmartCo develops a process to identify meters which become subject to the timekeeping requirements of clause 23 of schedule 10.7 and ensure the time is monitored and corrected as required.

Recommendation	Description	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding Clause 10.38(b)	Develop a process to identify meters which become subject to the timekeeping Requirements of clause 23 of schedule 10.7 and ensure the time is monitored and corrected as required.	SmartCo agrees with this recommendation and will work on its implementation.	Identified

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description		
Audit Ref: 7.10 With: Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7 From: 01-May-23 To: 04-Apr-24	14 ICPs of a sample of 20 with time dep every 12 months. Potential impact: Low Actual impact: Low Audit history: Once Controls: Moderate Breach risk rating: 2	endent meter reg	isters are not monitored
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating		
Low	I have recorded the controls as moderate as SmartCo has the capability to identify this, but regular monitoring has not taken place. The impact on settlement and participants could be minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
SmartCo will work with other participants to have the metering at the 14 ICPs either remotely monitored and corrected or physically replaced.		30/09/2024	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	

SmartCo will review how it deals with meters where the installation is non-communicating and there is a time dependent code with a view to ensuring a physical check within each 12	30/11/2024	
months, where required.		

7.11. Control Device Bridged Out (Clause 35 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 35 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The participant must, within ten business days of bridging out a control device or becoming aware of a control device being bridged out, notify the following parties:

- the relevant reconciliation participant,
- the relevant metering equipment provider.

If the control device is used for reconciliation, the metering installation is considered defective in accordance with 10.43.

Audit observation

I checked the process for the management of bridged control devices, and I checked whether any notifications were required to other parties.

Audit commentary

There was one example of bridged control devices available from the audit period. The SmartCo process was compliant and appropriate notification was sent.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.12. Control Device Reliability Requirements (Clause 34(5) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 34(5) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If the MEP is advised by an ATH that the likelihood of a control device not receiving signals would affect the accuracy or completeness of the information for the purposes of Part 15, the MEP must, within three business days inform the following parties of the ATH's determination (including all relevant details):

- a) the reconciliation participant for the POC for the metering installation,
- b) the control signal provider.

Audit observation

I checked the steps SmartCo had taken to identify regions with signal propagation issues.

Audit commentary

Most control devices are integrated within the meters and there is back-office reporting to confirm switching has occurred, i.e., that a signal has been received. The event is called "relay stuck". This achieves compliance with the intent of this clause. In cases where the control device is not integrated, there has not been any notification under this clause.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.13. Statistical Sampling (Clauses 16(1) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clauses 16(1) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP may arrange for an ATH to recertify a group of category 1 metering installations for which the MEP is responsible using a statistical sampling process.

The MEP must update the registry in accordance with Part 11 on the advice of an ATH as to whether the group meets the recertification requirements.

Audit observation

I checked whether statistical sampling had occurred during the audit period.

Audit commentary

Smartco engaged the Bluecurrent ATH to conduct statistical sampling certification of 2,937 ICPs. The certification date was 17 July 2023 for a five-year period. The process and reporting of results is compliant.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.14. Compensation Factors (Clause 24(3) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 24(3) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If an external compensation factor must be applied to a metering installation that is an NSP, the MEP must advise the reconciliation participant responsible for the metering installation of the compensation factor within ten days of certification of the installation.

In all other cases the MEP must update the compensation factor recorded in the registry in accordance with Part 11.

Audit observation

I checked the records for 21 category 2 metering installations to confirm that compensation factors were correctly recorded on the registry. I also checked the audit compliance report for unusual compensation factors.

Audit commentary

Compensation factors were updated accurately on the registry for 20 of the 21 ICPs checked. ICP 0001418017TP1AF has a compensation factor of 1 in the registry but has 100 recorded in the certification report. This is recorded as non-compliance.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description			
Audit Ref: 7.14	Incorrect compensation factor of 1 in the registry for ICP 0001418017TP1AF.			
With: Clause 24(3) of	Potential impact: Medium			
Schedule 10.7	Actual impact: Medium			
	Audit history: None			
From: 27-Oct-23	Controls: Moderate			
To: 25-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 4			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating			
Medium	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.			
	The trader was invoicing and settling with a compensation factor of 1 since 27 October 2023; therefore, the audit risk rating is medium.			
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status	
The identified issues have been corrected.		NA	Cleared	
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date		
Smartco will continue to review processes to ensure data is complete and accurate and implement a process to monitor and resolve issues are identified and amended in a timely fashion.		Ongoing		

7.15. Metering Installations Incorporating a Meter (Clause 26(1) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 26(1) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each meter in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

Audit observation

I checked the certification records for 39 metering installations to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

Meters were certified for all 39 metering installations.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.16. Metering Installations Incorporating a Measuring Transformer (Clause 28(1) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 28(1) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each measuring transformer in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

Audit observation

I checked the certification records for 12 category 2 metering installations certified using the selected component method to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

I checked the records for 12 category 2 metering installations certified using the selected component method and confirmed the CTs are certified in accordance with this clause.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.17. Metering Installations Incorporating a Data Storage Device (Clause 36(1) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 36(1) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each data storage device in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

Audit observation

I checked the certification records for 39 metering installations to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

Data storage devices were certified for all 39 metering installations.

Audit outcome

Compliant

7.18. Notification of ATH Approval (Clause 7 (3) Schedule 10.3)

Code reference

Clause 7 (3) Schedule 10.3

Code related audit information

If the MEP is notified by the Authority that an ATH's approval has expired, been cancelled or been revised, the MEP must treat all metering installations certified by the ATH during the period where the ATH was not approved to perform the activities as being defective and follow the procedures set out in 10.43 to 10.48.

Audit observation

I checked the ATH register to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

All relevant ATHs have appropriate approval.

Audit outcome

7.19. Interim Certification (Clause 18 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 18 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each interim certified metering installation on 28 August 2013 is certified by no later than 1 April 2015.

Audit observation

I checked the registry records (PR255) to identify any ICPs with interim certification recorded.

Audit commentary

There are no metering installations with interim certification.

Audit outcome

8. INSPECTION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

8.1. Category 1 Inspections (Clause 45 of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 45 of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that category 1 metering installations (other than interim certified metering installations):

- have been inspected by an ATH within 126 months from the date of the metering installation's most recent certification, or
- for each 12-month period, commencing 1 January and ending 31 December, ensure an ATH has completed inspections of a sample of the category 1 metering installations selected under clause 45(2) of schedule 10.7.

Before a sample inspection process can be carried out, the MEP must submit a documented process for selecting the sample to the Electricity Authority, at least two months prior to first date on which the inspections are to be carried out, for approval (and promptly provide any other information the Authority may request).

The MEP must not inspect a sample unless the Authority has approved the documented process.

The MEP must, for each inspection conducted under clause 45(1)(b), keep records detailing:

- any defects identified that have affected the accuracy or integrity of the raw meter data recorded by the metering installation,
- any discrepancies identified under clause 44(5)(b),
- relevant characteristics, sufficient to enable reporting of correlations or relationships between inaccuracy and characteristics,
- the procedure used, and the lists generated, to select the sample under clause 45(2).

The MEP must, if it believes a metering installation that has been inspected is or could be inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose:

- comply with clause 10.43,
- arrange for an ATH to recertify the metering installation if the metering is found to be inaccurate under Table 1 of Schedule 10.1, or defective or not fit for purpose.

The MEP must by 1 April in each year, provide the Authority with a report that states whether the MEP has, for the previous 1 January to 31 December period, arranged for an ATH to inspect each category 1 metering installation for which it is responsible under clause 45(1)(a) or 45(1)(b).

This report must include the matters specified in clauses 45(8)(a) and (b).

If the MEP is advised by the Authority that the tests do not meet the requirements under clause 45(9) of Schedule 10.7, the MEP must select the additional sample under that clause, carry out the required inspections, and report to the Authority, within 40 business days of being advised by the Authority.

Audit observation

I checked the process, and the results for the category 1 inspection regime to confirm compliance.

Audit commentary

SmartCo provided details of sample inspections of 521 category 1 ICPs conducted during 2023. The number requiring inspection was correctly determined by producing a list of all ICP identifiers of each category 1 metering installation for which SmartCo is responsible and removing from the list any ICP

identifiers for metering installations that had been certified or inspected in the 84 months prior to 31 December 2023. The total ICPs remaining was 64,152 so the minimum sample required by Table 8 of Schedule 10.1 was 500.

The report was sent to the Authority in November 2023 and contained all the required information.

Audit outcome

Compliant

8.2. Category 2 to 5 Inspections (Clause 46(1) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 46(1) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each category 2 or higher metering installation is inspected by an ATH at least once within the applicable period. The applicable period begins from the date of the metering installation's most recent certification and extends to:

- 120 months for category 2,
- 60 months for category 3,
- 30 months for category 4,
- 18 months for category 5.

Audit observation

SmartCo has not been required to conduct any category 2 inspections.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has not been required to conduct any category 2 inspections.

Audit outcome

Compliant

8.3. Inspection Reports (Clause 44(5) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 44(5) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

The MEP must, within 20 business days of receiving an inspection report from an ATH:

- undertake a comparison of the information received with its own records,
- investigate and correct any discrepancies,
- update the metering records in the registry.

Audit observation

I checked the process and results from inspection regimes to ensure any incorrect records were updated.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has completed inspections for category 1 metering installations and the process includes a registry comparison and the registry is updated when required.

Audit outcome

8.4. Broken or removed seals (Clause 48(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

Code reference

Clause 48(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

Code related audit information

If the MEP is advised of a broken or removed seal it must use reasonable endeavours to determine

- a) who removed or broke the seal,
- b) the reason for the removal or breakage.

and arrange for an ATH to carry out an inspection of the removal or breakage and determine any work required to remedy the removal or breakage.

The MEP must make the above arrangements within

- a) 3 business days, if the metering installation is category 3 or higher,
- b) 10 business days if the metering installation is category 2,
- c) 20 business days if the metering installation is category 1.

If the MEP is advised under 48(1B)(c) or (48(1F)(d) the MEP must update the relevant meter register content code for the relevant meter channel.

Audit observation

SmartCo has a documented process in place for the management of seals and any subsequent investigation and reporting. There were no specific examples to examine where seals were broken.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has a documented process in place for the management of seals and any subsequent investigation and reporting. There were no specific examples to examine where seals were broken.

Audit outcome

9. PROCESS FOR HANDLING FAULTY METERING INSTALLATIONS

9.1. Investigation of Faulty Metering Installations (Clause 10.43(4) and (5))

Code reference

Clause 10.43(4) and (5)

Code related audit information

If the MEP is advised or becomes aware that a metering installation may be inaccurate, defective, or not fit for purpose, it must investigate and report on the situation to all affected participants as soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the information, but no later than:

- a) 20 business days for category 1,
- b) 10 business days for category 2 and
- c) five business days for category 3 or higher.

Audit observation

I checked the SmartCo processes and four examples where SmartCo had become aware of faulty metering installations.

Audit commentary

The SmartCo processes are compliant with this clause. I checked four examples, and in all cases the appropriate information was provided within the required timeframe.

Compliance is confirmed.

Audit outcome

Compliant

9.2. Testing of Faulty Metering Installations (Clause 10.44)

Code reference

Clause 10.44

Code related audit information

If a report prepared under clause 10.43(4)(c) demonstrates that a metering installation is inaccurate, defective, or not fit for purpose, the MEP must arrange for an ATH to test the metering installation and provide a 'statement of situation'.

If the MEP is advised by a participant under clause 10.44(2)(a) that the participant disagrees with the report that demonstrates that the metering installation is accurate, not defective and fit for purpose, the MEP must arrange for an ATH to:

- a) test the metering installation,
- b) provide the MEP with a statement of situation within five business days of:
- c) becoming aware that the metering installation may be inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose; or
- d) reaching an agreement with the participant.

The MEP is responsible for ensuring the ATH carries out testing as soon as practicable and provides a statement of situation.

Audit observation

I checked the SmartCo processes and four examples where SmartCo had become aware of faulty metering installations.

Audit commentary

Smartco has a documented process in place to achieve compliance with this requirement.

I checked the details of one case where a category 1 meter was bridged by SmartCo when a problem with the internal control device could not be remedied on site. The information returned by the ATH met the requirement for the provision of a statement of situation. A further three installations had blank screens and they also had the necessary information provided to the trader.

Audit outcome

Compliant

9.3. Statement of Situation (Clause 10.46(2))

Code reference

Clause 10.46(2)

Code related audit information

Within three business days of receiving the statement from the ATH, the MEP must provide copies of the statement to:

- the relevant affected participants
- the market administrator (for all category 3 and above metering installations and any category 1 and category 2 metering installations) on request.

Audit observation

I checked the SmartCo processes and four examples where SmartCo had become aware of faulty metering installations.

Audit commentary

I checked the details of one case where a category 1 meter was bridged by SmartCo when a problem with the internal control device could not be remedied on site. The information returned by the ATH met the requirement for the provision of a statement of situation. A further three installations had blank screens and they also had the necessary information provided to the trader.

Audit outcome

Compliant

9.4. Timeframe for correct defects and inaccuracies (Clause10.46A)

Code reference

Clause10.46A

Code related audit information

When the metering equipment provider is advised under 10.43 or becomes aware a metering installation it is responsible for is inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose the metering equipment provider must undertake remedial actions to address the issue.

The metering equipment provider must use its best endeavours to complete the remedial action within ten business days of the date it is required to provide a report to participants under 10.43(4)(c).

Audit observation

I checked the SmartCo processes and four examples where SmartCo had become aware of faulty metering installations.

Audit commentary

I checked the details of one case where a category 1 meter was bridged by SmartCo when a problem with the internal control device could not be remedied on site. The information returned by the ATH met the requirement for the provision of a statement of situation. A further three installations had blank screens and they also had the necessary information provided to the trader.

Audit outcome

Compliant

9.5. Meter bridging (Clause 10.33C)

Code reference

Clause 10.33(C)

Code related audit information

An MEP may only electrically connect an ICP in a way that bypasses a meter that is in place ("bridging") if the MEP has been authorised by the responsible trader.

The MEP can then only proceed with bridging the meter if, despite best endeavours:

- the MEP is unable to remotely electrically connect the ICP,
- the MEP cannot repair a fault with the meter due to safety concerns,
- the consumer will likely be without electricity for a period which would cause significant disadvantage to the consumer,

If the MEP bridges a meter, the MEP must notify the responsible trader within one business day and include the date of bridging in its advice.

Audit observation

I checked for examples of bridged meters.

Audit commentary

I checked the details of a case where a category 1 meter at ICP 0000701816MP1C8 was bridged by SmartCo when a problem with the internal control device could not be remedied on site. The meter was bridged on 20 June 2023 and the trader was advised the same day of the need to revisit to replace the faulty meter. The meter was replaced 21 June 2023, which achieves compliance with this clause.

Audit outcome

10. ACCESS TO AND PROVISION OF RAW METER DATA AND METERING INSTALLATIONS

10.1. Access to Raw Meter Data (Clause 1 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 1 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must give authorised parties access to raw meter data within 10 business days of receiving the authorised party making a request.

The MEP must only give access to raw meter data to a trader or person, if that trader or person has entered into a contract to collect, obtain, and use the raw meter data with the end customer.

The MEP must provide the following when giving a party access to information:

- a) the raw meter data; or
- b) the means (codes, keys etc.) to enable the party to access the raw meter data.

The MEP must, when providing raw meter data or access to an authorised person use appropriate procedures to ensure that:

- the raw meter data is received only by that authorised person or a contractor to the person,
- the security of the raw meter data and the metering installation is maintained,
- access to the raw meter data is limited to only the specific raw meter data under clause 1(7)(c) of Schedule 10.6.

Audit observation

I checked whether any parties had requested access to raw meter data.

Audit commentary

No requests have been received, but SmartCo advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.2. Restrictions on Use of Raw Meter Data (Clause 2 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 2 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must not give an authorised person access to raw meter data if to do so would breach clause 2(1) of Schedule 10.6.

Audit observation

I checked whether any parties had requested access to raw meter data.

Audit commentary

No requests have been received, but SmartCo advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

Audit outcome

10.3. Access to Metering Installations (Clause 3(1), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 3(1), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must within ten business days of receiving a request from one of the following parties, arrange physical access to each component in a metering installation:

- a relevant reconciliation participant with whom it has an arrangement (other than a trader),
- the Authority,
- an ATH,
- an auditor,
- a gaining MEP.

This access must include all necessary means to enable the party to access the metering components.

When providing access, the MEP must ensure that the security of the metering installation is maintained and physical access is limited to only the access required for the purposes of the Code, regulations in connection with the party's administration, audit and testing functions.

Audit observation

I checked whether any parties had requested access to metering installations.

Audit commentary

No requests have been received, but SmartCo advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.4. Urgent Access to Metering Installations (Clause 3(5) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 3(5) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

If the party requires urgent physical access to a metering installation, the MEP must use its best endeavours to arrange physical access.

Audit observation

I checked whether any parties had requested access to metering installations.

Audit commentary

No requests have been received, but SmartCo advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

Audit outcome

10.5. Electronic Interrogation of Metering Installations (Clause 8 of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8 of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must

- ensure that the interrogation cycle does not exceed the maximum interrogation cycle shown in the registry,
- interrogate the metering installation at least once within each maximum interrogation cycle.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must ensure that the internal clock is accurate, to within ±5 seconds of:

- New Zealand standard time; or
- New Zealand daylight time.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must record in the interrogation and processing system logs, the time, the date, and the extent of any change in the internal clock setting in the metering installation.

The MEP must compare the time on the internal clock of the data storage device with the time on the interrogation and processing system clock, calculate and correct (if required by this provision) any time error, and advise the affected reconciliation participant.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must, when interrogating a metering installation, download the event log, check the event log for evidence of an events that may affect the integrity or operation of the metering installation, such as malfunctioning or tampering.

The MEP must investigate and remediate any events and advise the reconciliation participant.

The MEP must ensure that all raw meter data that can only be obtained from the MEPs back office, that is downloaded as part of an interrogation, and that is used for submitting information for the purpose of Part 15 is archived:

- for no less than 48 months after the interrogation date,
- in a form that cannot be modified without creating an audit trail,
- in a form that is secure and prevents access by any unauthorised person,
- in a form that is accessible to authorised personnel.

Audit observation

Bluecurrent as an agent conducts AMI data collection for SmartCo as an MEP, because data can only be accessed from their back office.

I conducted a walkthrough of the process, and I requested reporting of the following:

- interrogation not conducted within the maximum interrogation cycle,
- event report sent to retailers,
- clock synchronisation reports, and
- sum-check failures.

Audit commentary

The relevant parts of this clause are maximum interrogation cycle and storage of data. The other parts of the clause are discussed in other sections.

The SmartCo process is to change the AMI flag to "N" for any meters that are not successfully interrogated for a continuous period of 20 days. The AMI flag is changed back to "Y" once a successful interrogation takes place. I checked the SmartCo reporting and confirmed that there were no meters with the AMI flag set to "Y" that had exceeded the maximum interrogation cycle of 90 days. Compliance is confirmed.

SmartCo has met the requirement to securely archive data for at least 48 months. Examples of data were viewed during the audit.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.6. Security of Metering Data (Clause 10.15(2))

Code reference

Clause 10.15(2)

Code related audit information

The MEP must take reasonable security measures to prevent loss or unauthorised access, use, modification or disclosure of the metering data.

Audit observation

I checked the security and storage of data by looking at examples of data more than 48 months old.

Audit commentary

All data is normally provided to reconciliation participants via SFTP. One-off requests for data from traders are sent as compressed password protected files via email. The passwords are unique and not sent with the data. Data is held indefinitely.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.7. Time Errors for Metering Installations (Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEPs back office, the MEP must ensure that the data storage device it interrogates does not exceed the maximum time error set out in Table 1 of clause 8(5) of Schedule 10.6.

Audit observation

I conducted a walkthrough of the management of time errors, and I checked the relevant reports.

Audit commentary

Bluecurrent's server time is verified against an internet time source several times per day to ensure compliance with the requirement to ensure it is within ±5 seconds.

Daylight saving adjustment occurs as follows:

Meter type	NZST Winter	NZDT Summer (Daylight savings)
EDMI DRR & Interval	Meters record in local time so files will always be midnight for DRR 23:59:59 and 12 to 12 for interval.	Meters record in local time so files will always be midnight for DRR and 12 to 12 for interval.
L&G DRR	Midnight read 23:59:59.	L&G does not adjust to local time and stays on NZST. Therefore, the midnight read is taken at 00:59:59 NZST in summer.
L&G Interval	12am to 12pm intervals. Files shows "N' across all L&G.	L&G does not adjust to local time and stays on NZST. However, data is "adjusted" so are one to one but are adjusted to represent 12 to 12. File will show an "A".

The files sent to retailers contain a field indicating whether daylight saving has occurred.

The MEP must record in the interrogation and processing system logs the time, the date, and the extent of any change in the internal clock setting in the metering installation. The interrogation log contains this information.

The MEP must ensure that a data storage device in a metering installation does not exceed the maximum time error set out in Table 1 of clause 8(5) of Schedule 10.6. The MEP must compare the time on the internal clock of the data storage device with the time on the interrogation and processing system clock, calculate and correct (if required by this provision) any time error, and advise the affected reconciliation participant. The relevant part of this table is shown below.

Metering Installation Category	HHR Metering Installations (seconds)	NHH Metering Installations (seconds)
1	±30	±60
2	±10	±60

Clock synchronisation is conducted every four hours as a distinct process, separate to interrogation. Any errors greater than ±10 seconds but less than 20 minutes are automatically corrected and recorded. Errors greater than 20 minutes are recorded but not automatically corrected. The manual corrections are conducted by the software host, Silver Spring Networks, who then advise Bluecurrent that the changes have been made. This clause is slightly different to the clause in Part 15 for reconciliation participants. This clause requires MEPs to ensure the time is not outside the allowable thresholds, therefore noncompliance exists for those examples where time has drifted outside the allowable threshold.

Bluecurrent advises affected reconciliation participants of time error adjustments or any potential effect on raw meter data. I checked the time synchronisation reports sent to 19 traders on 4 April 2024. The reports identified 2,322 meters that had exceeded 30 seconds, 2,217 were category 1, and 105 were category 2.

Analysis of the synchronisation reports provided to traders identified that category 2 meters with time errors between ten and 30 seconds were not included in the reporting. As recorded above, all meters are corrected when errors exceed ten seconds but only errors greater than 30 seconds were included in the

reporting. I have recorded non-compliance for the non-reporting of category 2 meter time errors between ten and 30 seconds.

Audit outcome

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description		
Audit Ref: 10.7 With: Clause 8(4) of	2,322 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds in the 4 April 2024 reports.		
Schedule 10.6	Not all the time errors for category 2 meters were reported to reconciliation participants.		
	Potential impact: Medium		
	Actual impact: Low Audit history: Three times previously		
From: 01-May-23	Controls: Strong		
To: 04-Apr-24	Breach risk rating: 1		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating		
Low	I have recorded the controls as strong because clocks are synchronised during every successful interrogation.		
	The impact is considered minor because most clock errors are small and are corrected within one half hour. The audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
See below		30/11/2024	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
SmartCo will work with system vendors to make the required system changes.		30/11/2024	

10.8. Event Logs (Clause 8(7) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8(7) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEP's back office, the MEP must, when interrogating a metering installation:

- a) ensure an interrogation log is generated,
- b) review the event log and:
 - i. take appropriate action,
 - ii. pass the relevant entries to the reconciliation participant.
- c) ensure the log forms part of an audit trail which includes:
 - i. the date and,

- ii. time of the interrogation,
- iii. operator (where available),
- iv. unique ID of the data storage device,
- v. any clock errors outside specified limits,
- vi. method of interrogation
- vii. identifier of the reading device used (if applicable).

Audit observation

I conducted a walkthrough of the event management process, and I checked the most recent report sent to all relevant retailers.

Audit commentary

SmartCo downloads the event log as required by this clause. All critical events are evaluated, and appropriate action is taken. SmartCo provided a list of all 62 event types, which are downloaded during interrogation. Relevant events, including tampering, are placed on the SFTP server for each retailer to uplift and action. I checked the most recent event files provided to 18 retailers on 10 April 2024. SmartCo has provided its customers with a "Metering event files user information" document which provides information on events reported to traders. The document includes possible reasons for, an assessment of the risk level and actions taken for of each event type.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.9. Comparison of HHR Data with Register Data (Clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEP's back office, the MEP must ensure that each electronic interrogation that retrieves half-hour metering information compares the information against the increment of the metering installations accumulating meter registers for the same period.

Audit observation

I conducted a walkthrough of the event management process, and I checked the most recent reporting.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has a "sum-check" process where the scalar interval metering data is compared to the scalar midnight snapshot. The scalar values take daylight savings into account where if the scalar midnight snapshot was compared to the interval data (always midnight to midnight) then there would be comparison problems during the daylight-saving period. A process was put in place in May 2022 to identify failures which are unable to be resolved within three business days. A report is produced daily which identifies the unresolved failures, the report is sent to the MEP team to update the registry with cancellation of certification. Non-compliance is recorded in **section 6.4** for three meters that had failed sum-check and were not resolved within three business days where the registry was not updated with the cancellation within ten business days.

Compliance is achieved with this clause because sum-check is conducted.

Audit outcome

10.10. Correction of Raw Meter Data (Clause 10.48(2),(3))

Code reference

Clause 10.48(2),(3)

Code related audit information

If the MEP is notified of a question or request for clarification in accordance with clause 10.48(1), the MEP must, within 10 business days:

- respond in detail to the questions or requests for clarification,
- advise the reconciliation participant responsible for providing submission information for the POC of the correction factors to apply and period the factors should apply to.

Audit observation

SmartCo has a process in place to achieve compliance with this requirement. No specific examples were available to examine.

Audit commentary

SmartCo has a process in place to achieve compliance with this requirement. No specific examples were available to examine.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.11. Raw meter data and compensation factors (Clause 8(10) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8(10) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

The MEP must not apply the compensation factor recorded in the registry to raw meter data downloaded as part of the interrogation of the metering installation.

Audit observation

I checked whether SmartCo applied compensation factors to raw meter data.

Audit commentary

SmartCo does not apply compensation factors to raw meter data.

Audit outcome

Compliant

10.12. Investigation of AMI interrogation failures (Clause 8(11), 8(12) and 8(13) of Schedule 10.6)

Code reference

Clause 8(11), 8(12) and 8(13) of Schedule 10.6

Code related audit information

If an interrogation does not download all raw meter data, the MEP must investigate the registry why or update the registry to show the meter is no longer AMI.

If the MEP choses to investigate the reasons for the failure the MEP has no more than 30 days or 25% of the maximum interrogation cycle, from the date of the last successful interrogation (whichever is shorter).

If the MEP does not restore communications within this time or determines they will be unable to meet this timeframe they must update the registry to show the meter is no longer AMI.

Audit observation

I checked whether SmartCo had reporting in place to confirm compliance with this clause.

Audit commentary

The SmartCo process is to change the AMI flag to "N" for any meters that are not successfully interrogated for a continuous period of 20 days. This process ensures that any meters with unsuccessful interrogation are changed to AMI "N" within the required 25% of the interrogation cycle of 90 days. An interrogation is not deemed successful unless all intervals and the midnight read are obtained.

I checked the SmartCo reporting and confirmed that there were no meters with the AMI flag set to "Y" that had not completed a successful interrogation within the maximum interrogation cycle. Compliance is confirmed.

Audit outcome

CONCLUSION

SmartCo is an MEP that is owned by a consortium of electricity network companies. SmartCo provides AMI data to retailers in member networks using mesh communications technology. The individual network companies that make up the consortium are the owners of the meters in their networks. Bluecurrent has been appointed by SmartCo to provide metering, data collection and asset management services on SmartCo member networks. SmartCo is the MEP on the registry (SMCO).

The audit identified 11 non-compliances, a decrease of two from the 13 found in the last audit.

Most processes are well controlled and compliant. The main issues identified are as follows:

- one incorrect compensation factor in the registry, resulting in the trader using a compensation factor of 1 instead of 100,
- time not monitored and corrected every 12 months for ICPs with time dependent registers,
- test results not all recorded in certification reports,
- one metering installation certified with low burden, and
- incorrect event dates are used in some cases because losing MEPs are populating a meter removal date on the meter replacement date, meaning SmartCo cannot populate the registry for the correct date.

Two issues were identified which are not non-compliances for SmartCo due to the way the Code is worded, but which still require attention and are recorded as issues or recommendations. The issues are:

- there are many examples where ATHs attend site to conduct certification and when there is
 insufficient load to complete tests, rather than conduct "insufficient load" certification, the ATH
 leaves the site uncertified and returns at a later date, and
- three ICPs do not have certification or registry records for builder's temporary supplies, despite SmartCo meter being installed on them.

The date of the next audit is determined by the Electricity Authority and is dependent on the level of compliance during this audit. The table below provides some guidance on this matter, and it recommends an audit frequency of six months. After reviewing SmartCo's responses to the areas of non-compliance I recommend an audit frequency of 12 months.

PARTICIPANT RESPONSE

No response provided.